

## Free planning

Ask us for expert advice and planning ideas about bathroom decoration, color combinations and fixtures.



**ANBAH TRADING**  
JEDDAH: 73565-76726  
RIYADH: 4043789

weekend edition

# ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY

# Arab news

Publishers: saudi research and marketing company

Fresh Always

## BULK & BAG CEMENT



TEL: JEDDAH: 604701-54109  
DAMMAM: 23868  
RIYADH: 67236

VOL. V NO. 53

THURSDAY-FRIDAY 8-9 NOVEMBER 1979 JEDDAH 18-19 DHUL HILJA 1399. A.H.

FOURTEEN PAGES — ONE RIYAL



MEETS MISSIONS: King Khaled Wednesday received the Sierra Leone pilgrim mission led by Sharif Amin Kibiya, a member of parliament, and the Philippines delegation led by the country's Ambassador to Saudi Arabia Unlinding Pangandaman.



## King cables Brezhnev on Soviet day

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, Nov. 7 — King Khaled Wednesday sent a cable of congratulations to Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev on the Soviet Union's national day.

The Saudi Press Agency said the King wished President Brezhnev and the Soviet people further progress and success.

Saudi Arabia does not have relations with the Soviet Union. Leaders of the two countries however exchange greetings on national days.

Defense Minister Prince Sultan said recently that Saudi Arabia had no intention of establishing diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union.

The minister was speaking to journalists in Paris two months ago during a short visit to the French capital.

The Soviet Union was the first state to set up an embassy in Jeddah after King Abdul Aziz established the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

The Soviets left in 1938, when according to John Philby in *Arabian Jubilee*, "the Soviet government finally abandoned its efforts to convert the Arabs to the Marxian creed."

King Khaled meanwhile received a message of congratulations on Eid Al-Adha from Iraqi President Saddam Hussein.

The King also met more leaders of foreign Pilgrimage delegations who came to pay their respects and thank him before leaving the Kingdom.

## Khomeini spurns U.S. plea PLO to help Americans in freeing Iran captives

TEHRAN, Nov. 7 (Agencies) — Ayatollah Khomeini Wednesday night ordered Iran's ruling Revolutionary Council and all state officials not to meet with a U.S. peace mission on its way here to negotiate the release of 60 Americans being held at the U.S. Embassy.

But Khomeini made no comment on whether he would meet with a delegation from the Palestine Liberation Organization reportedly also on its way here to negotiate for the release of the hostages.

Sources in Washington told *Arab News* Wednesday that President Jimmy Carter's administration had secretly asked the PLO to use its influence with Khomeini in an effort to win release of the hostages.

The administration's unofficial contacts with the PLO were suggested by Saudi Arabia, the sources told *Arab News*, and they said the PLO delegation headed by Abu Jihad left Wednesday for Tehran.

They said the PLO delegation was likely to have an easier time in securing the release of the hostages than the official U.S. mission, since PLO leader Yasser Arafat has forged a close relationship with Khomeini and his aides in the wake of the revolution against the Shah.

In a statement read on Tehran radio, Khomeini said, "Neither I nor the Revolutionary Council must meet any of them," (the U.S. group) until and unless the ailing former Shah is returned from the U.S. to Iran to stand trial.

The students who have been occupying the embassy since Sunday have demanded the immediate extradition of the Shah and a cut in all relations between Iran and the U.S.

The U.S. peace delegation, headed by former U.S. Attorney General Ramsey Clark, was sent to Iran late Tuesday by President Carter and was to arrive late Wednesday night in an effort to secure the release of the hostages.

The students holding the Americans have threatened to execute the hostages if the U.S. makes any military moves to free them or attempts to use political pressure to secure their release.

In his statement on talks with the Clark delegation, Khomeini said, "if the United States gives the Shah back to Iran and stops espionage against the revolution the way to negotiations will be open in some cases."

There was no indication what he meant by "in some cases," unless that was a reference to the PLO's mission to secure the hostages release.

"According to what we have heard, Carter's special envoy intends to come to Qom and negotiate with us, but we say that America has opposed returning the Shah and it has been said that the embassy was an espionage place against us. Thus my meeting with the envoy is by no means possible," Khomeini said.

The Clark delegation is carrying a letter from Carter to Khomeini in which the U.S. leader asks for talks on the hostages and a general review of American-Iranian relations.

The Iranian Foreign Ministry had said prior to Khomeini's statement that members of the Revolutionary Council would meet with Clark and Deputy William Miller of the Senate Intelligence Committee, but Khomeini's statement undercut that claim.

The Revolutionary Council has been in overall charge of government affairs since Khomeini accepted the resignations of Prime Minister Mehdi Bazargan and his provisional government Tuesday.

Bazargan, who had headed the government since the February revolution, was quoted by aides as saying he resigned because of the government's inability to deal with the hostage situation and because of continual opposition to government policies on the part of the Revolutionary Council.

In New York, a spokesman for the PLO's observer delegation at the United Nations refused to confirm or deny that the U.S. had asked the organization for help.

"Our only concern is for the human lives involved," the spokesman said.

There was no indication when the Palestinian delegation would arrive in Tehran, and the PLO office there said it had no knowledge that any delegation was in fact on its way.

But the sources in Washington and the delegation office in New York insisted that the PLO is actively seeking to end the crisis, in what could be a significant breakthrough in Palestinian-American relations.

According to the Washington sources, President Carter first asked Saudi Arabia to serve as a go-between with Khomeini, but the Kingdom advised Carter that the PLO would be the best choice to intervene with the Iranian leader.

The Kingdom suggested that the U.S. approach the PLO on the subject directly, the sources said. The Kingdom's views were conveyed to Carter Tuesday by U.S. Ambassador to Saudi Arabia John West.

The sources added that the U.S. accepted the recommendation and that a U.S. official "unofficially" requested PLO help on the hostage situation, and got a quick promise of aid.



DEATH TO THE SHAH: Iranian student demonstrators chant "Death to the Shah" outside the American embassy in New Delhi Wednesday.

While the request was "unofficial," it could be an important signal that the U.S. is willing to abandon its reluctance to recognize the PLO.

And observers in Washington noted that if the PLO delegation succeeds in freeing the hostages, the U.S. would have an enormous moral obligation to the Palestinian group.

The mission to Iran marks the second time the PLO has come to the aid of endangered American citizens abroad. In 1975 during the Lebanese Civil War, the PLO provided security for Americans being evacuated from Beirut.

In another development Wednesday, a spokesman for Khomeini said that Iran has not halted oil exports to the United States but will consider doing so unless the Shah is extradited.

The denial followed a wave of rumors in Washington and elsewhere that oil supplies had been cut because of Carter's refusal to hand over the Shah, who is now in a New York hospital as a cancer patient.

The statement from Khomeini's office came shortly after a similar statement was issued by a spokesman for the country's oil ministry.

The ministry spokesman said oil supplies to the U.S. were proceeding normally.

## Egypt agrees to sell Israel oil from Sinai

CAIRO, Nov. 7 (R) — Egypt has agreed to sell Israel two million tonnes of Sinai oil for one year at the OPEC ceiling price instead of the much higher spot market price, President Anwar Sadat said in an interview.

Sadat was speaking to a group of journalists and experts preparing a radio program on the Middle East for the British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC).

They quoted Sadat later as saying there was no problem between Egypt and Israel on the question of oil purchases from Sinai wells which Egypt will recover from Israel later this month.

Sadat said he had told Israeli Defense Minister Ezer Weizman Monday that Israel could buy up to two million tonnes of Sinai oil at the OPEC ceiling of \$23.5 a barrel for one

year.

Sadat also told them that after that, Israel could buy two million or more tonnes at the spot market price — currently around \$32 a barrel.

Egypt originally insisted that Israel pay the spot market price from the start, arguing it was not a member of OPEC and always charged the spot market rate.

Oil Minister Ezzedin Hilal was quoted as saying Wednesday that Egypt has decided to begin the production of the Israeli-held Alma oil fields in Sinai by 50 per cent once they are returned.

He told the newspaper *Al-Ahram* that the yield from the fields was 40,000 barrels a day. It would be cut to 20,000 barrels a day so that "the productivity will not be exhausted."

## Gold surges 11.25 dollars

LONDON, Nov. 7 (AP) — Gold surged 11.25 an ounce in London and \$10.50 in Zurich Wednesday as the situation in Iran drove investors back to the metal, traditional refuge in times of uncertainty.

The threat by Iran to cut off oil supplies to the United States sent the dollar sinking against major currencies except the Japanese yen. Japan imports 99 per cent of its oil, paid for in dollars.

"The Ayatollah has certainly been pushing us around," said a London gold dealer, referring to Iran's leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini.

Gold closed at \$395 an ounce in both London and Zurich, against \$383.75 at the close in London Wednesday and \$384.50 in Zurich.

In Tokyo the dollar closed at 240.15 yen compared with 237.05 yen the night before, its highest level since February 1972. At one point it hit 240.6 yen and the Bank of Japan sold an estimated \$350 million to stem the yen's decline.

Tokyo dealers said massive waves of buying orders from foreign banks in the wake of news about Iran sent the dollars spiraling up in the morning. Japanese firms setting import transactions were buying in the afternoon.

But Europe's reaction was just the opposite and the dollar sank there in response to the continued occupation of the U.S. embassy in Tehran.

Washington reports attributed to the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency said Iran's oil exports were closed off Tuesday by a shutdown of the country's only crude oil port at Kharg Island in the Gulf. But the National Iranian Oil Co. later denied the reports and British petroleum, said it knew nothing of a shutdown.

## Begin forms new cabinet

TEL AVIV, Nov. 7 (R) — Prime Minister Menachem Begin produced a new Israeli cabinet Wednesday after two weeks of delicate political patchwork that strained the loyalties of his fractious coalition.

As it turned out, the team which Begin presented to the Knesset (parliament) differed little from the ministerial lineup that was breached by the surprise resignation on Oct. 21 of Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan.

Begin left the foreign ministry post unfilled but said he would run it himself.

Completing a new government involved Begin in juggling with pressing national problems ranging from inflation to abortion, and the star newcomer was Yigal Hurwitz, 60-year-old business magnate called in to rescue the country from a surging inflation rate expected to top 100 per cent this year.

He took over as finance minister in place of Simcha Ehrlich, whose policies during two and a half years in office are widely blamed for Israel's economic misfortune.

But Begin, in his report to the Knesset, praised Ehrlich. He said the economic problems were the fault of the opposition Labor

Party which fell from power in May, 1977.

The most awkward of Hurwitz's conditions for taking the job was his insistence on having economic affairs decided by a tight inner cabinet instead of giving every government minister a say. This was reluctantly accepted in principle.

Removal of Ehrlich had long been on the cards. But it had to be done without wounding the feelings of the Liberal Party which he, heads and which plays an essential part in Begin's Likud bloc coalition.

The solution was to create for Ehrlich a new job altogether, the post of second deputy premier. Because Israel's basic law does not provide for two deputy premiers, the matter required legislation in the Knesset.

This passed with difficulty Tuesday night. Earlier in the week the outcome had looked doubtful because of threats by the ultra-religious Agudat Israel group to swing its four members away from supporting the coalition unless Begin guaranteed legislation to make abortion more difficult.

Agudat Israel was persuaded to shelve this demand until the new cabinet was brought in.

## Kuwait injects money into mart

KUWAIT, Nov. 7 (AP) — Kuwait's Finance Minister announced that the Central Bank has injected \$1.40 billion into the local financial market in recent weeks to overcome bank liquidity difficulties.

Abdul Rahman Al-Atiqi blamed the problem on speculators who sent interest rates soaring over the past two months.

"There is no liquidity problem for the ordinary citizen, the national businessman or the local contractor," Al-Atiqi added in a television interview Tuesday night.

The government had no plans to raise the current official interest rate of eight per cent he said. Such a step "will harm national economic institutions and private businessmen who will be unable to borrow at higher rates," he added.

Local economists attribute the banks' liquidity shortage to the mass exodus of funds seeking higher interest rates, than the official eight per cent, abroad.

## Arabs lodge protest

PARIS, Nov. 7 (SPA) — Arab ambassadors here Wednesday lodged a protest with the Foreign Ministry at an anti-Palestinian remark by Israeli Ambassador Meir Rozhin on French television Saturday.

Yusuf ibn Abbas the Moroccan ambassador and dozen of the Arab diplomatic corps handed a note of protest to the foreign ministry. He sent a similar protest to the television.

## Military Review reports U.S. policy in Iran faulty

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 (AP) — A report published by one of the U.S. army's top professional schools concludes that "faulty" U.S. policies, including huge arms sales, contributed to the fall of the pro-American Shah of Iran.

"It could be argued that U.S. policy in Iran was faulty and exacerbated the situation," said an article in *Military Review*, which is published by the army command and general staff college Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

The article, prepared by officers studying at the Army Institute for Military Assistance, was critical of what it called "the U.S. role in the evolving conditions which led to this last winter's upheaval" in Iran.

"The massive U.S. military sales had the unintended result of contributing to economic dislocation, to disruption of the agriculture sector and the intended alienation of the peasants" the military authors said.

Also, they said, "the large and unquestioned acceptance of the Shah's justifications

for the revolution did little to counter the political liberalization that could have secured the support of the middle class."

As for President Jimmy Carter's actions the article said that "when the situation became critical, U.S. presidential declarations of personal support for the Shah were tied to calls for liberalization." This it said "signaled to the local opposition a perceived equivocation in U.S. backing of the monarch."

The study, however, held that neither the U.S. government nor the Soviet government was responsible for the outcome in Iran.

It put the blame on the Shah himself.

"When open revolution broke out in 1978 the Shah vacillated throughout the year between repression and liberalization," the article said.

"Overconfident because of successes in the past and isolated from feedback, he did not act until it was too late. When he did act he attempts to placate the opposition failed."

## Caretaker government expected

PARIS, Nov. 7 — Well informed Arab and Iranian sources expect a transitional government to be set up soon in Tehran. Its main task will be to oversee the completion of the country's new constitution as well as to run the referendum to approve it.

Since most of the constitution — 136 articles — has already been approved by the Council of Experts, the 20 articles remaining are not expected to take more than two months to amend and approve. This will define the time scale of the transitional government's tenure.

The main candidate for premiership is

Abdul Hassan Bani Sadr, a member of both the Islamic Council and the Council of (Constitutional) Experts, and a close friend of Ayatollah Khomeini. If Bani Sadr himself proved unable to form the government, the task, the sources said, will certainly fall for someone of his radical grouping.

The Iranian sources rejected America newspaper allegations that Khomeini had caused the Bazaragan government downfall in a bid to divert attention from the deteriorating economic situation in Iran. They said the American press had demonstrated its ignorance of Iranian affairs at the time of the Shah's downfall, and that the same ignorance seems still to prevail.

## Boucetta pays first visit to Spain

MADRID, Nov. 7 (R) — Moroccan Foreign Minister Muhammad Boucetta arrived here Wednesday for his first official visit to Spain at a time of persistent tension between the two countries.

Morocco is uneasy about the Madrid government's position on the Western Sahara dispute, and in turn the Spanish are nervous

over the future of Ceuta and Melilla, two Spanish enclaves on Morocco's Mediterranean coast.

In a brief statement on arrival for the three-day visit, Boucetta expressed his satisfaction at having the chance to discuss subjects of mutual interest with his counterpart, Spanish Foreign Minister Marcelino Oreja.

**AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT**  
Feasibility Studies  
Planning & Installation for:  
\* fruit farms  
\* greenhouse vegetable production  
\* modern irrigation

**URDCO** JEDDAH Tel. 604681  
RIYADH Tel. 24885 ELKHOBAR  
YANBU Tel. 043223124 Tel. 8644208

When interest and safety count

**13% p.a.**

One Year Fixed Term Deposit.  
Interest rates for 12 months are available. Minimum deposit £1000. All interest is paid monthly.

**Save with Lombard**

Post this coupon to the Deposit Accounts Manager for a copy of our Booklet and current rates of interest.

**Lombard North Central Bankers**

Lombard North Central Ltd.  
DEPT. 1000  
17 BRITTON STREET, LONDON  
W1A 3DH  
Tel: 491 7050.  
A member of the National Westminster Bank Group whose capital and reserves exceed £1,000,000,000.

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_

The rate quoted is correct at time of being sent to press.



## Ayatollah's son interviewed

## Iranian Imam reassures Fahd on Gulf position

JEDDAH, Nov. 7 — A prominent leader has said the Fahd told him of his unhappiness at recent meetings by leading Iranian personalities.

Interviewed by *Al-Bilad*, a Saudi newspaper, Sheikh Muhammad Shirazi, said his father, Ayatollah Khomeini, had assured the Crown Prince that the statements were made by private individuals and did not represent the policy of Iran.

Here for the Pilgrimage, they met with Prince Fahd, Governor of Medina Prince Abdul Mohsen, Governor of Mecca Prince Fawaz, Deputy Governor of Mecca Prince Saud bin Abdul Mohsen, Minister of Pilgrimage and Endowments Sheikh Abdul Wahab Abdul Wasie and Sheikh Muhammad Ali Al-Harakan of the Mecca-based Muslim World League.

Sheikh Muhammad Shirazi said: "We assured the Crown Prince that the statements did not come from any official, but from individuals speaking strictly for themselves."

"We assured the Crown Prince that Iran had no ambitions whatsoever in the Gulf. It is only that East and West are conspiring against Islam."

He said they had extensive talks.

## Asir woman savages wolf

JEDDAH, Nov. 7 — Two Asir women beat off an attack by a wolf recently. According to reports, the wolf attacked the women when they were herding goats in Sant Al-Alaya. It sank its teeth into the arm of one, but she coolly hit it with stones and her stick. After that punishment, the wolf turned tail and fled.

with Prince Fahd on issues of mutual interest and on Iran's attitudes towards various world problems.

He added that Saudi Arabia was a stronghold of Islam, and after the revolution Iran had become another.

"Therefore, those two pillars must agree together, unite and cooperate in solving the problems of the world Islamic community. It is absolutely necessary that we agree and work together."

"We hope that there will be another meeting with Crown Prince Fahd to discuss many problems of interest to Muslims everywhere."

Shirazi said Iranian officials were aware of foreign ambitions in the Gulf. "If Iran and Saudi Arabia joined hands to preserve Gulf security and stability, they would cut short such Western and Eastern designs. But if May God ward off such evil) we let certain things go or differed in our viewpoints, there is no doubt that third parties remote from the Gulf but having grand designs of making gains and profits in it would succeed in their schemes. In such case both Iran and Saudi Arabia, as well as other Gulf countries would sustain harm."

He said Prince Fahd's position was positive, as he believed that the Gulf must remain as it is (neither Arab, nor Persian). "There must be no definitive status for it."

"This also is what we believe; and we allow nobody and shall allow nobody ever to meddle in Gulf affairs."

"We noted the positive spirit, good intention, truthfulness and genuineness of Crown Prince Fahd."

Shirazi said the disappearance of Imam Musa Sadr was inconsistent with the international code of ethics, diplomacy and Islamic moral behavior.

"We appreciated Saudi Arabia's concern about that and shall try even harder in the search for the Imam."

On his talks with Sheikh Muhammad Ali Al-Harakan, he said "we discussed various matters relating to Iranian pilgrims in Saudi Arabia and bilateral relations in general."

He added that it was agreed that all books, magazines and other printed material produced by the League will be allowed into Iran, and Iranian authorities will help distribute them.

He said there will also be educational and Islamic cooperation between religious centers in Qom and Mashhad and the League.

Shirazi said "We also agreed that Iran shall be a member of the League and will soon send a representative."

Arrives Saturday  
Finnish foreign minister to pay visit

By Timothy Sisley

JEDDAH, Nov. 7 — The Finnish foreign minister, Paavo Vayrynen, arrives here Saturday for a three-day official visit.

Kai Helenius, the Finnish ambassador here, said Wednesday that the visit will be the first by a Finnish cabinet minister since 1977 and the first ever by a foreign minister.

Vayrynen, who will hold talks with Foreign Affairs Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal, will be accompanied by a political and economic team that includes the undersecretary of state in the economic department and the head of the political department of his ministry, the president of the Confederation of Finnish Industries, the senior vice-president of the national oil company, the president of the Association of General Contractors and a representative of the country's retail and engineering industries.

No information is available on who else the team will be meeting, and the ambassador speaks of a general review of "friendly relations."

The most visible and outward sign of that friendship so far has been Finland's securing a government-to-government guaranteed deal for the supply of 40,000 barrels of crude oil a day last July.

## Bourguiba gives medal to Farisi

TUNIS, Nov. 6 (SPA) — Tunisian President Habib Bourguiba has awarded Jeddah Mayor Muhammad Said Farisi the Medal of the Tunisian Republic.

He was decorated at a ceremony at the Carthage Palace. Farisi said the president expressed his satisfaction at the progress of Saudi-Tunisian relations and called even for closer ties between the two countries.

Finland has experts working in the Ministry of Public and Housing, and the main thrust of its business in the Kingdom has until now been in water contracting and housing consultancy.

In the first seven months of this year Finland sent SR200 million of goods to the Kingdom. Last year, the total was SR240 million, set against an import bill almost exclusively made up of oil of SR600 million.

The ambassador adds a footnote to the history of the relationship: the first European to penetrate to the interior of the Arabian peninsula, in 1845, was a Finn, Georg August Wallin. Finland has had diplomatic relations with the Kingdom since 1970 and a resident ambassador here since 1974.



DINNER: Minister of Pilgrimage and Endowments Sheikh Abdul Wahab Abdul Wasie at a dinner party he gave in the Jeddah Water Tower for leaders of foreign Pilgrimage delegations.

To discuss performance  
Minister will meet pilgrim guides

JEDDAH, Nov. 7 — Minister of the Interior Prince Naif and Minister of Pilgrimage and Endowments Sheikh Abdul Wahab Abdul Wasie will meet pilgrim guides Sunday.

SPA reported Wednesday that they will discuss their activities over the Pilgrimage and possible regulations to improve the work of the guides, or *mutawafin*.

The role of the *mutawafin* has been under discussion this year, after persistent complaints of a few abusing their position and not living up to their responsibility of helping the pilgrim with ritual, housing him and getting him on

the way home again. It has been suggested that a professional body be set up to regulate their conduct.

As the pilgrims go home, the Riyadh Traffic Department has found a way of cutting the traditional toll of accidents on the Kingdom's roads. Speeds have been limited to 100 kilometers per hour and police cars are leading pilgrim's caravans from Riyadh to Makkah.

Al Riyadh reported Wednesday that the department's chief of patrols, Capt. Ibrahim Al-Eleiba, has said that the activities of his men during the Pilgrimage had helped reduce accidents. Forty-eight cars

were patrolling this year. They helped pilgrims in other ways, providing fuel and escorting those left behind by their groups. Authorities in areas pilgrims passed through helped by supervising the Pilgrims' cities.

Jeddah Traffic Director Maj. Assad Abdul Kareem Tuesday chaired a meeting to study how the traffic plan worked during the Pilgrimage and discuss next year's budget for the Traffic Department which will be submitted to the General Directorate of Traffic to be included in its budget. The meeting was attended by heads of divisions and officers according to *Al-Medina*.

## Saudi Comment

By Hussein Ali Hussein  
Al-Medina

Saudi Television's programs during the Pilgrimage were admirable. New programs mainly concentrated on historical and social plays, all presented in Arabic, letting visitors get to know some of the good customs and traditions of our country.

Besides historical and cultural programs, religious programs were also presented, which recalled one of the important phases of Islamic history, the emergence of the Prophet's message and the extent of the coercion and tyranny to which Muslims were subjected by the infidels in those days.

Among the cultural programs, the television presented a series on poets and Arab writers during the golden age of Islam. The culture and age in which a particular poet lived was so well depicted that everyone was able to grasp them through the images. A number of other interesting programs were also shown to give the pilgrims an image of the all-round development in the country.

The television also took the opportunity of repeating a number of good and interesting plays, the sort that give viewers with something new every time they are shown. They included both literary and cultural series.

This sort of programming should be handled by the second channel, which is scheduled to begin broadcasting very soon. In this way, the channel can usefully transmit cultural programs giving an idea about cultural events in the world.

## WEATHER

It will remain moderate in some areas and fine in the western and south-western highlands.

The north-western region will be affected by low pressure accompanied by cool winds. The winds will cause sand haze and cloud will cover the region, with thunderstorms possible.

Conditions in the Red Sea will be medium to rough and light in the Gulf.

Wednesday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Mecca	37	26	Jizan	36	27
Jeddah	35	24	Wajh	30	19
Riyadh	34	19	Turaif	26	12
Dhahran	30	19	Arar	29	12
Medina	34	20	Sulayyel	33	14
Taif	29	15	Abha	23	11

## Passport Lost

AN AMERICAN PASSPORT NO. K 2264945 AND UNITED NATIONS LAISSEZ PASSER NO. 47042 ISSUED IN THE NAME OF JOHN WALSH HAS BEEN LOST. IF FOUND PLEASE GIVE TO AMERICAN EMBASSY JEDDAH OR CALL 673624 EXT. 516.

## WANTED

QUALIFIED SECRETARY, TELEX OPERATOR

U.S. firm looking for highly qualified male

Secretary with qualifications as follows:-

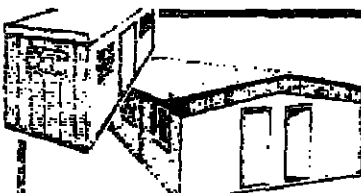
1. Minimum 5 years Secretarial experience.

2. Excellent knowledge of English, written and spoken.

3. Knowledge of Arabic is highly desirable but not essential.

4. Valid transferable Iqama.

PLEASE CALL RIYADH 69060



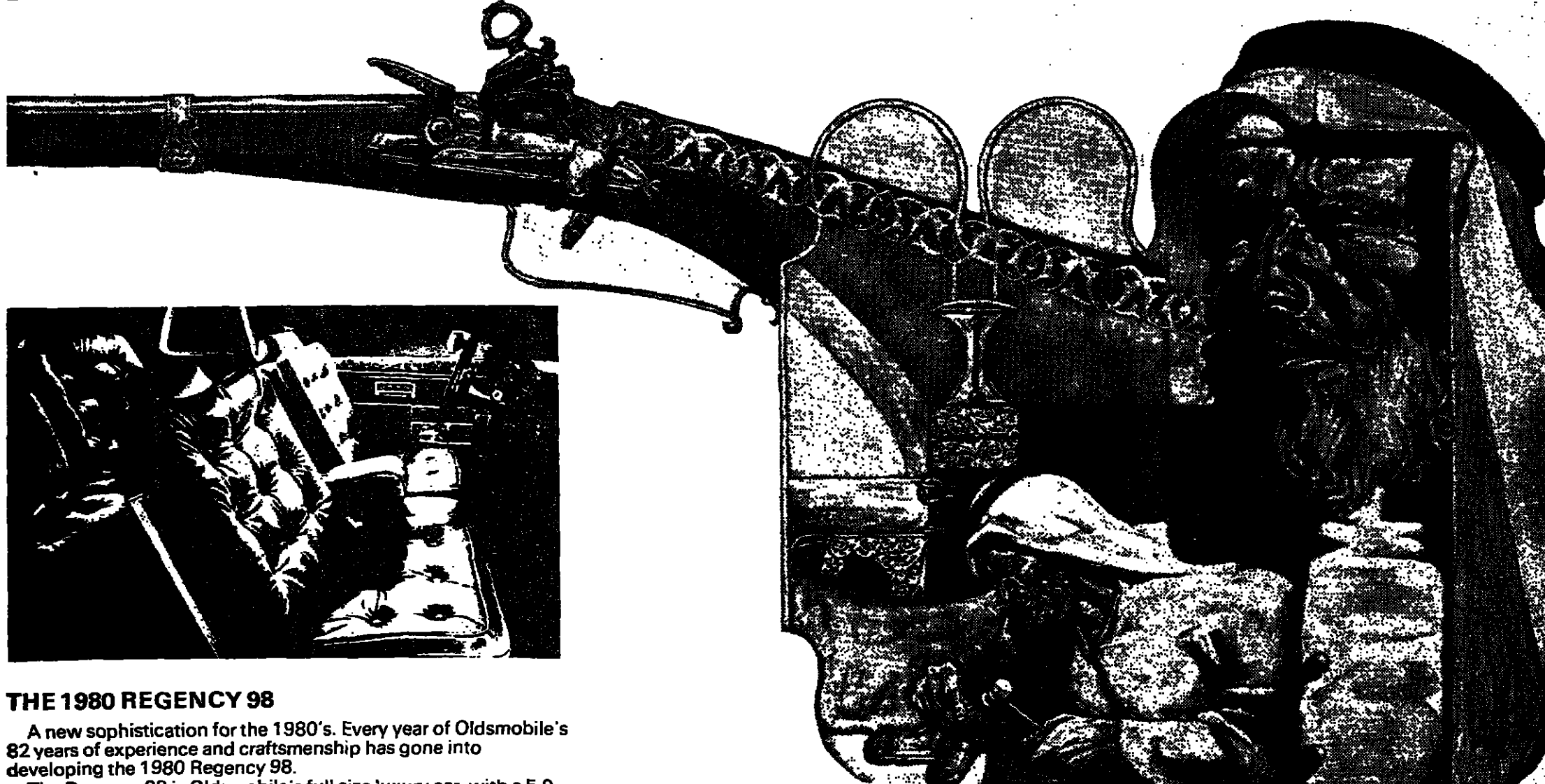
We can house your entire workforce, quickly from our stocks in Saudi Arabia... with pre-engineered Modular Systems for

Sleeper Units; Dormitories; Offices; Recreation, First Aid and Utility Units, Staff Villages and Family Villages all fitted to suit individual needs.

**Zahid-Lesser**

Kilo 5, Mecca Road, Jeddah  
Tel: 76366/76420 Extension 320. Telex 401042

## Oldsmobile Perfection.



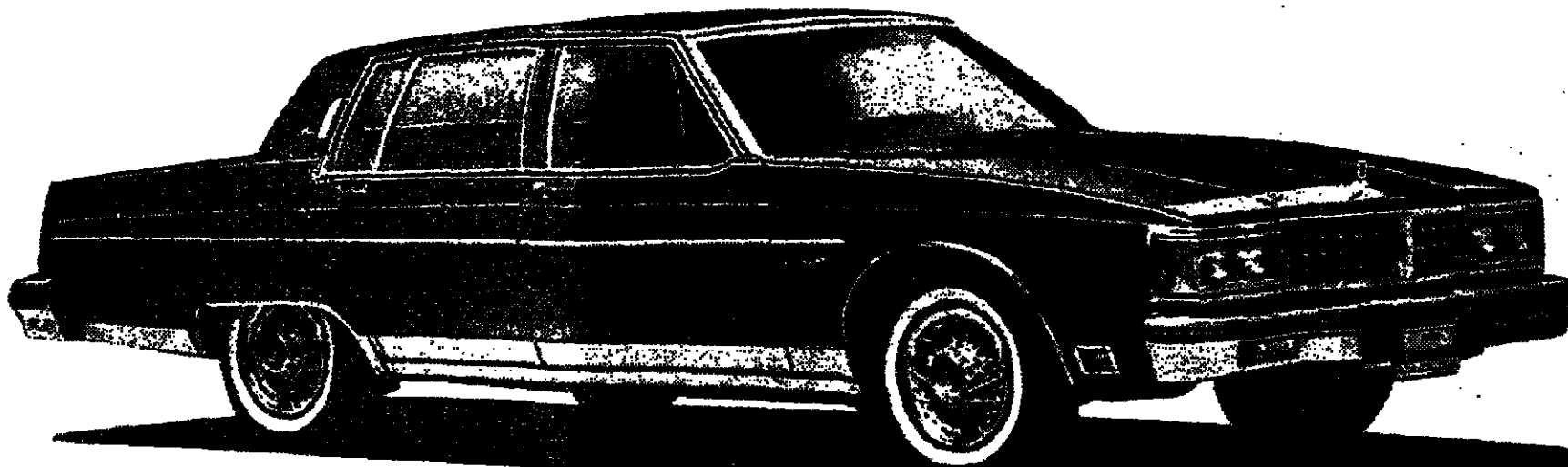
## THE 1980 REGENCY 98

A new sophistication for the 1980's. Every year of Oldsmobile's 82 years of experience and craftsmanship has gone into developing the 1980 Regency 98.

The Regency 98 is Oldsmobile's full size luxury car, with a 5.0 litre V8 engine, automatic transmission, and four seasons automatically adjusting air condition, all come as you would expect, as standard.

(Available in 5.0 litre and 5.7 litre engines).

See Your Authorized Oldsmobile Dealer Today.



## AUTHORISED DEALERS

RIYADH • Zahid Universal Motors  
Kharis Street Kilo 17  
Tel: 4647257-4647246  
P.O. Box 4511

JEDDAH • Al-Nasser  
Trading Establishment

Sharafiah — airport Road.  
Tel: 21125-21126  
P.O. Box 2325

DAMMAM • Arabian Motors  
& Eng. Co. Ltd.  
Dhahran Street  
Tel: 8322411-8322626-8323592  
P.O. Box 166

**1980**



American Cars  
by General Motors

هكذا في السفر

## Dedication soon for desalt plants in E. Province

JEDDAH, Nov. 7 — The rush to build a desalination plant for Khafji will be completed soon. It cost SR9 million and will produce 330,000 gallons a day of purified water.

### Power station also awarded

#### for Houta area

JEDDAH, Nov. 7 (SPA) — A 31.5 million contract was awarded Wednesday to set up a power plant at Houta. The plant will generate 15,000 watts of power, according to the Ministry of Electricity and Water. The plant will be owned by the Saudi Electricity Company serving Hawat Bani and the surrounding area. The contract also calls for laying a 70 kilometer high tension distribution network and a 90 meter low tension network to provide power to subscribers in the area.

Agriculture and Water Dr. Abdul Rahman Al-Sheikh will open in a tour of the Eastern Province shortly.

It quoted an unidentified official of the Saline Water Conversion Corporation as saying that Dr. Al-Sheikh will also open the Houta plant. That has a capacity of 120,000 gallons a day.

A SWCC research and training center in Jubail is also to be opened soon. Aside from training workers, the center will make preliminary studies for establishing further desalination plants and study maintenance methods. Two further centers are planned, in Jeddah and Yanbu.

In other developments, it was also reported Wednesday that studies have been completed on the expansion of the Houta irrigation project. The Ministry of Agriculture and Water Commission a specialized foreign consultancy firm to examine the SR500 million scheme.

The farms were found to be too small and yielding too little for each hectare, and the project is expected to improve the situation. It will increase the cultivable area by 120 per cent.



Dr. Abdul Rahman Al-Sheikh

### For January

## Jeddah building show set

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, Nov. 7 — The Kingdom's first construction show is to be held in Jeddah early next year. It will be the largest of its kind ever staged in the Middle East, according to its organizers.

Fairs and Exhibitions of London and its Jeddah-based partner, Al-Harithy, is also applying for a license to repeat the event, the

Middle East Construction exhibition, in 1981.

The six-day exhibition in January will cover an area of over 50,000 square meters.

With over three months to go before the official opening on Jan. 20, 90 per cent of the available stand space has been sold, with Western governments leading the way.

Joint ventures have been organized by Britain, the United States, France, West Germany, Sweden, Switzerland, Belgium and Denmark, and companies from at least 20 other countries will be exhibiting.

## Jeddah hospital to move to new buildings shortly

JEDDAH, Nov. 7 — The Eye Hospital here will move to its new buildings shortly.

Local reports have quoted the hospital's director, Sami Yaghmour, as saying that one of the new three storey buildings will house administrative offices, outpatients clinics and pharmacies. The second will sleep patients and the third will be used for storing goods and a nurses' residence.

Each outpatients' clinic will have two doctors on duty.

It has meanwhile been reported, that the Ministry of Health has decided to open eight clinics in the region of Hasa. They will be built in Taraf, Jasha, Battaliyah, Kal-

## Hilal star player Rivelino comes under fire

JEDDAH, Nov. 7 — Roberto Rivelino, the Brazilian soccer star on contract to Riyadh's Al-Hilal football club, has come under sharp fire for alleged disturbances on the field.

Writing in *Al-Medina* Wednesday, Said Al-Hijazi said "we have wasted a lot of money on this player just to see his antics and play-acting."

Hijazi referred to a game late last month when Hilal met Al-Qadasiya of Dammam at the Malaz Stadium in Riyadh. He described it as an ordinary game,

### For alleged unsportsmanlike behavior

with Hilal winning. "But," he said, "Rivelino's provocative acts caused disturbances. He turned the match into a farce. The crowd threw bottles and soft drink cans onto the field."

"Rivelino's provocations of referees and the general public can be tolerated no longer." He said responsibility lay on the shoulders of the Saudi Arabian press and the Saudi Football Federation that they had not taken firm disciplinary measures against him.

Hijazi said Rivelino at one point snatched the ball from the referee, and acted aggressively toward the linesmen. He compared the incident with one three years ago when Al-Ahli's Amin Dabo, a Senegalese brought up in Egypt,

grabbed the ball from the referee. He was banned for three months by the Football Federation, an action applauded by the press. "Even though we have spent a lot of money on (Rivelino)," Hijazi said, "we

should not tolerate that sort of tomfoolery on our fields."

He asked the Football Federation to act with its usual firmness to stamp out provocations and to preserve order.

Burroughs ADICO Burroughs ADICO

**Burroughs**  
COMPUTERS

EXCLUSIVE DISTRIBUTORS

**ADICO**

TEL: 62824 RIYADH

## Zahid Tractor

have sales staff vacancies for the following position Jeddah based:-

**Sales Representative** — Ingersoll-Rand equipment — applicants must have experience in either selling or application of compressed air construction and/or quarrying equipment.

**Sales Representative** — Caterpillar Powered Electric Generator Sets and Industrial Engines. Applicants must have experience in the sales of industrial power with a sound knowledge of diesel engines, electrical generation, control and application.

**Demonstrator** — Construction Machinery. Applicants must have several years experience in the operation of heavy construction machines, be competent in the maintenance and care of such machines, have wide experience in the application and capabilities of such equipment.

For the above positions all applicants must be fully literate in English and have a reasonable command of the Arabic Language.

Only persons with the required experience to apply; — references are required and will be checked, those applicants short listed will be interviewed and tested prior to final selection.

Only those with transferable Iqama need apply. Competitive salary, generous commissions plus housing allowance etc.

Please reply giving full details to Sales Manager.



**Zahid Tractor**  
& Heavy Machinery Co. Ltd.

JEDDAH: P.O. Box 1588, Kilo 5, Mecca Road, Tel: 76365, 76420, 77010.  
Telex: 401042 Cables: ZAHIDTRACTOR

**Mido**  
ميدو  
KING OF WATERPROOF WATCHES  
الساعات المنيوية

General Agents for Saudi Arabia  
Jeddah: Kahraman, Commercial Center, King Abdulaziz Street,  
P.O. Box 736, Tel. 28227, 28228, Telex 401623  
Riyadh: Kahraman, King Faisal Street, Alazizah Bldg., Tel. 22829  
Other provinces (Dhahran, Dammam, Al-Khobar, etc.):  
Sagheer Store, Salim Ali Badghish, Prince Khaled Street,  
P.O. Box 65, Al-Khobar, Tel. 41118



## Be sure with Kirby

...because Kirby Building Systems offers so much more than any other steel building manufacturer.

First, we are based in Kuwait, where we have the most modern and sophisticated plant in the Middle East. Our engineers, with the aid of the computer, will design your building to fit your particular requirements exactly.

Second, we offer a unique personal service, because we have 13 fully staffed sales offices throughout the Middle East so you always have a Kirby Representative near you to discuss your

requirements and monitor the erection of your building.

Last, but most important, we have already sold over 1,000 buildings since 1975, so we have more experience than any other manufacturer in producing attractive, practical, economical and versatile buildings.

If you want a warehouse, factory, showroom or an office building, call your local Kirby sales office. Delivery of your building can be as little as 4 - 6 weeks after order.

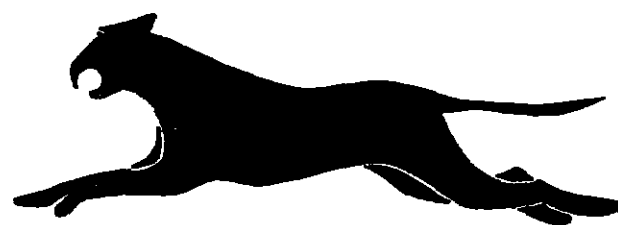
**Kirby**  
BUILDING SYSTEMS  
Head Office: P.O. Box 23933, Kuwait.  
Telex 4240 Kirby PT KT

JEDDAH  
P.O. Box 3092  
Tel: 604665  
Telex: 401220 Caserv SJ

RIYADH  
P.O. Box 1327  
Tel: 24872  
Telex: 201776 Revera SJ

ALKHOBAR  
P.O. Box 51  
Tel: 8647014  
Telex: 670008 Gostel SJ

**AIBT**



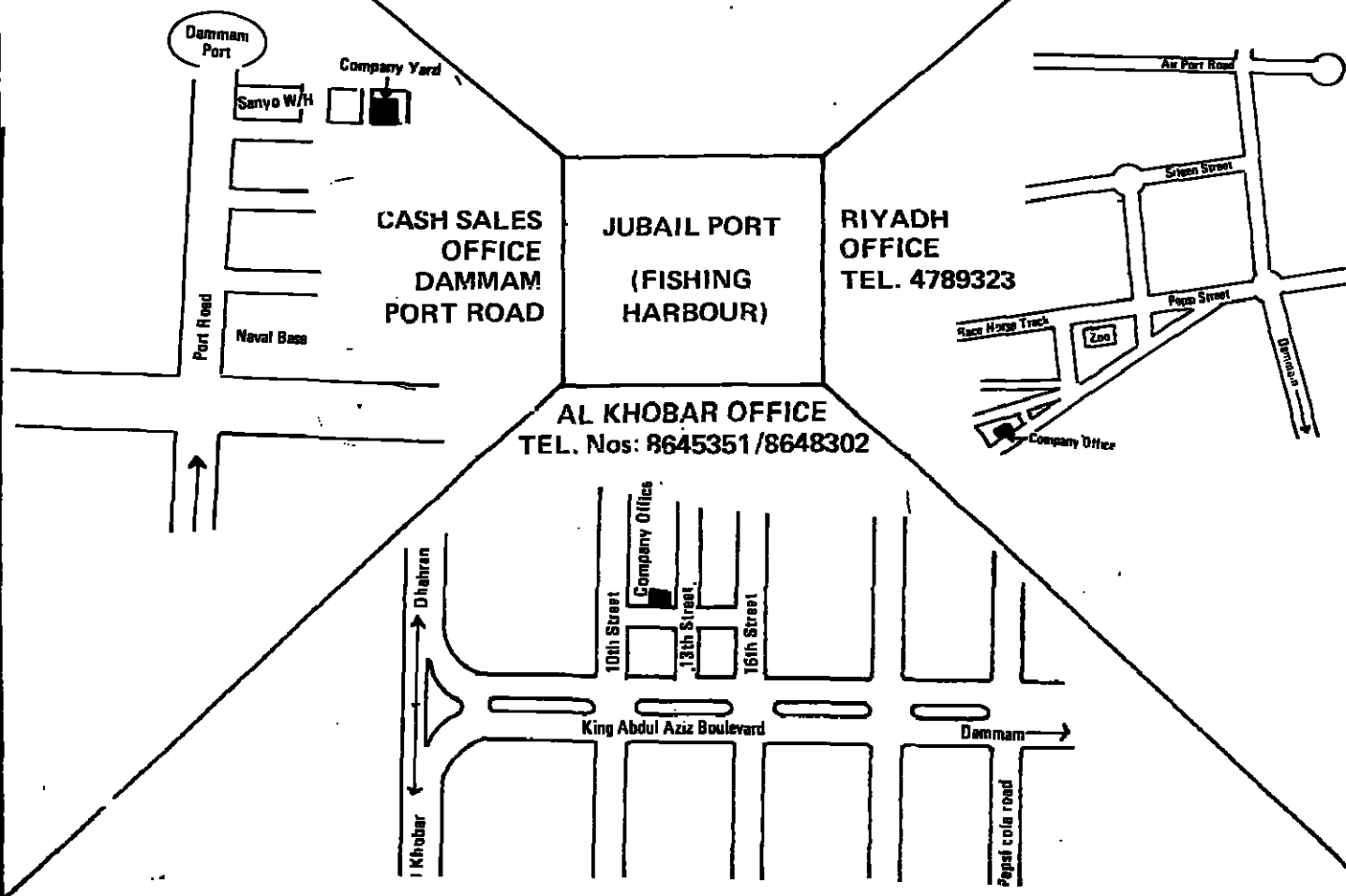
الشركة العربية لتجارة المواد السائبة المحدودة  
**Arabian Bulk Trade Ltd.**

## Notice

TO ALL USERS OF ARABIAN BULK TRADE LTD CEMENT  
We wish to inform you of the forthcoming changes which will effect your supply of Bagged Cement.

The distribution of our cement will be no longer the sole responsibility of UNETCO.

Sales commencing 7:00 a.m. 23rd October 1979 will be handled by Arabian Bulk Trade Ltd. To insure your continued supplies please contact:





## Weizman threatens to resign over settlement row

TEL AVIV, Nov. 7 (R) — Israeli Defense Minister Ezer Weizman threatened to resign Tuesday unless the government moved an illegal Jewish settlement from occupied Arab land, officials said.

The supreme court has ordered the settlement at Elon Moreh near Nablus to be dismantled by Nov. 22 but 17 families living there have vowed to fight to keep the site.

The dispute has caused a crisis within the government. Weizman was quoted as telling

Prime Minister Menachem Begin at a stormy meeting of the ministerial defense committee: "I shall not continue to serve on a cabinet if it surrenders to the Elon Moreh settlers."

Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon, a supporter of the settlers who belong to the extreme Gush Emunim (faith bloc), boycotted the session.

Ministers decided that Weizman would try to persuade the settlers to leave while the government sought an alternative site for them.

## Zia calls for raising wheat output level

ISLAMABAD, Nov. 7 (AP) — President Gen. Muhammad Zia-ul-Haq ordered all-out efforts Wednesday for a 10.47 million ton wheat crop, this fiscal year, up from last year's officially estimated 9.74 million tons.

"Unless wheat production is raised to a level which is higher than the rate of population growth, it will become difficult to materialize the objectives of a self-reliant economy," Zia told a meeting of economic ministers and government organizations dealing with agriculture.

The population growth rate now is more than 3 per cent a year. Pakistan had set a wheat target of 9.5 million tons for fiscal 1979, which ended June 30, but actual production surpassed it.

The government has increased efforts to provide fertilizer, better quality seeds and an assured sup-

ply of irrigation water to meet the new target.

In fiscal 1978, production was only 8.3 million tons, 1.2 million tons short of the target. Pakistan had to import 2.25 million tons of wheat from the United States, Australia and Turkey at a cost of around \$300 million, seriously straining its balance of payments.

Pakistan normally imports one million tons of wheat a year, mainly to maintain a buffer stock and to meet shortages. Part of the wheat imports are financed with U.S. credits.

In the meantime, Pakistan was seeking \$170 million in assistance from the International Monetary Fund in negotiations which began here Wednesday.

The discussions are expected to be completed by the middle of this month, after more members of the IMF mission arrive here.



Ezer Weizman

Officials said Weizman telephoned Begin before the meeting to warn him that he might resign.

He told ministers later: "If a fraction of extremists and Minister Sharon continue to lead the cabinet by the nose, they will bring about the government's downfall."

He was quoted as appealing: "Let's stop seeking improvised solutions and get down to implementing the supreme court order."

The government is trying to avoid a head-on clash with Gush Emunim over the Elon Moreh settlement.

## Bergland to discuss U.S.-Israel trade ties

TEL AVIV, Nov. 7 (AP) — U.S. Secretary of Agriculture Bob Bergland arrived in Israel from Cairo Tuesday to discuss trade and technical ties between Israel and the United States.

A spokesman for the Israeli Agriculture Ministry said Bergland and Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon would discuss the possibility of a tripartite American, Israeli and Egyptian agricultural project, but said nothing specific had been suggested.

Before leaving Cairo, Bergland and President Anwar Sadat discussed the possibility of a joint project, but left formal planning until after Israel and Egypt establish formal diplomatic relations next February.

Israeli and American officials will also discuss an Israeli request for lower U.S. customs duties on Israeli citrus, as well as Israel's desire to export fresh fruits, vegetables and flower to American



Bob Bergland

markets, spokesman Naftali Yaniv said.

Israel imports \$ 340 million worth of agricultural products from the United States, and Israeli agricultural exports to the U.S. total \$ 25 million.

## Morocco claims killing 100 Polisario men

RABAT, Nov. 7 (R) — Moroccan forces killed 100 Polisario Front guerrillas and destroyed several of their vehicles when they repulsed an attack on the locality of N'gueb near the Dra valley in southeast Morocco last Monday, the pro-government Moroccan daily *Le Matin* reported Wednesday.

The Algerian-backed Polisario Front is waging a war for the independence from Morocco of the former Spanish territory of Western Sahara.

In Algiers, meanwhile, the Polisario Front claimed its guerrillas had killed 42 Moroccan troops in the attack on N'gueb.

## Dutch MPs confer with PLO aide

BEIRUT, Nov. 7 (AP) — Farouk Kaddoumi, head of the Palestine Liberation Organization's Political Department Tuesday discussed with four Dutch parliamentarians the relation between Dutch soldiers and Palestinian commandos in southern Lebanon, the Palestine news agency reported.

In their first official contact with the PLO the four, members of the Dutch parliament's defense committee, were briefed by Kaddoumi on the situation in southern Lebanon and the relation between the PLO forces and U.N. peacekeepers in general and the Dutch contingent in particular, a Palestinian spokesman said.

The agency said Palestinian military leader Abul Walid, commander of Yasser Arafat's operations room, also took part in the one-hour meeting.

The delegation led by Dr. B. de Gaay flew into Beirut Monday evening. It left for the southern Lebanese border town of Naqoura which houses the command of U.N. peacekeepers late Tuesday after the meeting with Kaddoumi and officials of the Lebanese parliament defense committee.

The Netherlands contributes a contingent serving with the U.N. Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) which guards a buffer zone in southern Lebanon separating Palestinian commandos from the Israeli backed rightist militias.

## Sanaa envoy holds talks in Aden

ADEN, Nov. 7 (R) — A North Yemeni presidential envoy returned to Sanaa Wednesday after talks with South Yemeni officials on plans to unite the two countries. President Ali Abdullah Saleh's envoy said after a meeting with South Yemen's Prime Minister Ali Nasser Muhammad that the two governments had agreed on a timetable for meetings of unity committees. The envoy, Hussein Al Dafie, said he gave the prime minister message from the President Saleh on trade and economic cooperation between the two countries.

## Kurds reportedly killed 4 Iranians

MANAMA, Nov. 7 (AP) — Autonomy-seeking Kurdish rebels killed four Iranian soldiers and wounded 70 in a clash near Oshnovieh in northwest Iran, Bahrain's official Gulf News Agency reported from Tehran Wednesday. The report added that Iran's former interior minister, Muhammad Hashem Sabbaghian, told the Tehran English language newspaper *Tehran Times* that the peace talks between the government and the Kurds "have had no positive results so far."

## Kuwait cabinet studies Soviet note

KUWAIT, Nov. 7 (R) — The Kuwaiti cabinet met Tuesday to study a message from Soviet leaders to the ruler of Kuwait Sheikh Jaber Al-Ahmed, Minister of State for Cabinet Affairs Abdul Aziz Hussein said after the meeting. He did not reveal the contents of the message, but said it dealt with the current Middle East developments and relations between Kuwait and the Soviet Union. The Soviet Ambassador to Kuwait Nikolai Sikachov gave the message to the ruler Monday.

## Greece blames Turkey for problems

ATHENS, Nov. 7 (R) — Greece has accused Turkey of having created the problems between the two countries and of adopting a provocative attitude. A government spokesman was commenting on a reported statement by Turkish Premier designate Suleyman Demirel, leader of the Justice Party, during a press conference in Ankara Tuesday.

## Eritrean group visits Baghdad

BAGHDAD, Nov. 7 (R) — An Eritrean guerrilla delegation has arrived in Baghdad for talks with leaders of the ruling Iraqi Baath Party, the Iraqi News Agency (INA) said. The agency quoted Muhammad Saeed, head of the foreign relations office of the Eritrean People's Liberation Front (EPLF), as saying discussions would "concentrate on the latest political developments" of the Eritrean problem.

**SALE**

TOWER CRANE, LIEBHERR 180 HC, FIXED, MAX RADIUS 55 M, HOISTING HEIGHT 48 M, COMPLETE WITH ALL PARTS, IN GOOD CONDITION. PLEASE CONTACT RIYADH 60102 MR. SCHLUETER.

**Saudi Arabian Bechtel Equipment Company**  
SERVING SAUDI ARABIA WITH A FULL RANGE OF RENTAL CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

MANITOWOC CRANES  
2800 W  
3300 W  
4100 W  
S-3 RINGER

LINK BELT CRANES  
LS 88 A  
LS 98 PL  
HC 108  
HC 138

GROVE CRANES  
RT 60S - RT 63S - RT 65S  
TM 650

AL BUSTAN AL KHOBAR CR 4476  
TELEX: 670028 WATEKA SJ  
TEL: AL KHOBAR 86-48011 EXT. 1202

P.O. Box 88  
Dhahran Airport  
Dhahran, Saudi Arabia

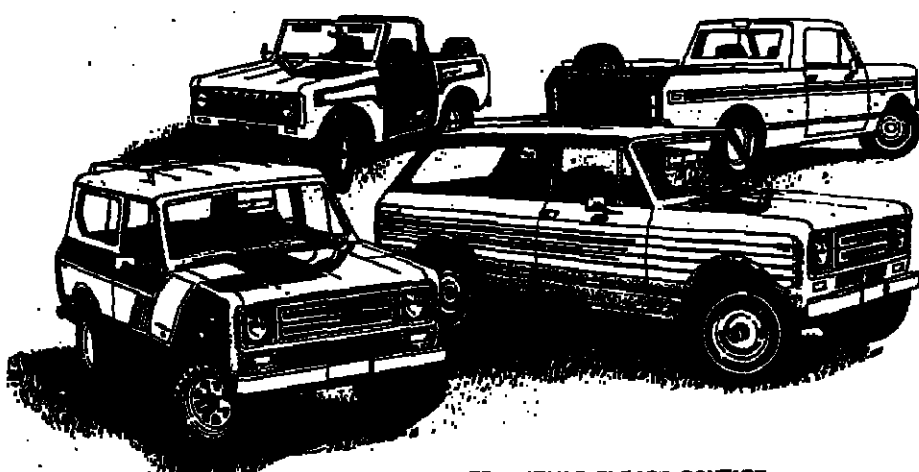
## the all purpose vehicle that best serves your purpose

# Scout®

The best of a station wagon and a truck; put them together and what do you get? SCOUT. The vehicle that is strong, tough, maneuverable and has the power to take you almost anywhere you want to go. Easily, comfortably, safely. Steep grades, rocky roads, slippery sands. Scout takes it all in its stride.

Available with standard features such as four wheel drive, front disc brakes, truck tested engines. And much more. Spare parts and after sales service easily available.

We've built the best in SCOUT. From the ground up and from inside out. So you can drive in confidence. Wherever you go.



FOR FURTHER DETAILS PLEASE CONTACT  
**ARABIAN AUTO AGENCY**  
JEDDAH RIYADH DAMMAM BURAJDA  
TEL: 670060 65492/3 46024 3984

140 countries all over the world are using 250,000 Flygt pumps.

# FLYGT is really the ONLY LEADER!

FLYGT DEWATERING PUMPS



WELL-POINT ACCESSORIES IN 4, 6, & 8 INCHES

DEWATERING PUMP up to 500 cbm/h with head of 20 MWC

JETTING PUMPS FOR WELL-POINTS  
\* Capacity: up to 120 cbm/h  
\* Head capacity: up to 160 MWC



Flygt brought you the world's first submersible pump in 1948. Since that time we have developed it and refined it. Now, Flygt has a pump for almost every pumping need - dewatering pumps; sewage pumps; manure pumps and mixtures; pumps for industrial water needs etc... Flygt makes sure you always have a pump that works. Because of Flygt's large worldwide distribution network a Flygt can be repaired always - anywhere and everywhere.

FLYGT DEWATERING CONTRACTING PUMPS

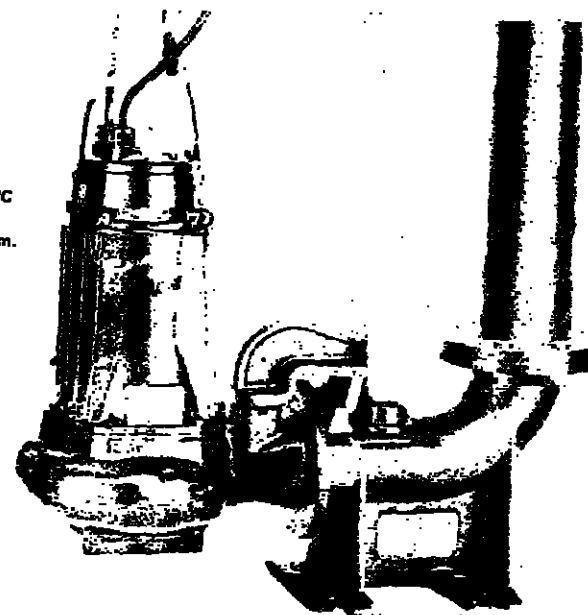


B PUMPS  
\* Capacity: up to 1200 M³/h  
\* Head capacity: up to 200 MWC  
\* 23 Different sizes

SEWAGE PUMPS

C PUMPS

\* Capacity: up to 1500 l/s  
\* Head capacity: up to 60 MWC  
\* Efficiency: up to 92%  
\* Free throughput up to 170 mm.  
\* Non-clogging



BOTH C PUMPS ARE AVAILABLE IN 50/60 CYCLES AND 115

**MEDCO** مديكو  
MIDDLE EAST DEVELOPMENT COMPANY

JEDDAH  
P.O. Box 2690, Jeddah  
Tel: (021) 61081 675129  
Telex: 401277 Medmar SJ  
14 Kilometers north of Jeddah off Emir Fahad (60 meter) road

RIYADH  
P.O. Box 19, Riyadh  
Tel: (03) 8648804, 8648918  
Telex: 201378 Medco SJ  
Alkhair Road 11 kilometers

AL KHOBAR  
P.O. Box 1140 Alkhorbar  
Tel: (03) 8648804, 8648918  
Telex: 201378 Medco SJ  
4 Kilometers north of Alkhorbar city off main Alkhorbar/Dammam highway

ALL YOU NEED IS FLYGT.

MEDCO is more than FLYGT

UYNAPAC-FLYGT-KALMAR-LMW-LINDEN-ALIMAK-SVEDALA-ARBRA-VIANOVA-VOLVO TRUCKS-ATLAS-SISU-ROKON

هكنا من الخمول

## White House Years

# The Autumn of Crises: Jordan (5)

**Editor's note:** In the last installment of former Secretary of State Henry Kissinger's memoirs, which Arab News is publishing twice a week, he described his determination to support King Hussein, to reward him for his moderation and for his pro-Western policy. Kissinger recommended to Nixon an increase in America's Mediterranean forces. This angered the president at first as he wanted no confrontation, and no military moves by Israel unless expressly approved by the White House. Events then moved quickly. King Hussein announced a military government on Sept. 17 and then ordered his army into Amman. The war began, Syrian tanks invaded Jordan on Sept. 20 and, after Jordan destroyed 30 of them, counterattacked with two armored brigades across a broad front. We find Kissinger, in this installment, determined to meet the challenge.

During the course of Sunday afternoon I recommended — and the President approved from Camp David — returning the airborne brigade in Germany to its base embarkation point from a maneuver area to which we had permitted it to move on September 18 when the crisis seemed to be cooling. The long planned maneuver exercise extended the reaction time of the brigade to ten hours; at its home base its alert status would be reduced to four hours. One battalion was ordered to prepare for an airdrop. At 5 p.m. we requested our Embassy in Bonn to notify the German government of the movement of the airborne brigade. We explained that its heightened readiness was made necessary by the possibility of evacuating Americans from Jordan. The brigade was instructed to move rapidly and openly without any security precautions; we wanted Soviet intelligence to notice it quickly. The German government was likely to spread word of our moves to friendly European governments. Dean Brown was instructed to tell Hussein of our public statements and our note to the Soviets and not to close the door to possible United States intervention.

During the afternoon the scale of the new Syrian attack became clear. We had continued planning on the assumption of either an American or an Israeli military reaction; all in the government were agreed that the two must not take place simultaneously. On September 17 I had conveyed to the WSAG the President's preference for resisting Iraqi or Syrian intervention primarily with United States forces. I had

requested that each course be examined in the light of three criteria: who had the better reason for action? who could sustain his actions better? who had the greatest capacity to prevent escalation? I had asked for the best case that could be made for American action and the best case for standing aside and deterring the Soviets while the Israelis moved. These papers were available to the President over the weekend. I cannot tell whether he read them.

In order to make a final recommendation to the President I called a meeting of the WSAG for 7 p.m. Sunday evening, September 20. From then on until the NSC meeting next morning, the crisis for us in Washington took the form of almost uninterrupted meetings and telephone calls. The flavor can best be conveyed by tracing the events of the night hour by hour.

From 7:10 to 7:50 p.m. the WSAG principals met in the Situation Room in the White House basement, largely to bring one another up to date on events of the past hours and to look again at contingency plans. The intelligence and military briefings indicated that it was nip and tuck. Much of the discussion was a typical bureaucratic trauma over the trivial. Two portable military field hospitals were to be sent in response to the King's request for assistance; the debate was whether we should send them as an American contribution or under some multilateral aegis. A quick review of the pros and cons of American military intervention strengthened our conviction that our forces were best employed in

holding the ring against Soviet interference with Israeli operations. To be effective unilaterally we would have to commit our entire strategic reserve; we would then be stretched to near the breaking point in two widely separated theaters and naked in the face of any new contingency. Our forces would have to go in without heavy equipment and with air support only from carriers. Our only overland supply route was across Israel, linking us with Israel when separation was the principal reason for an American action. If we got into difficulties, we would have to call on Israel for help. In short, if the situation in Jordan got out of control it could be remedied only by a massive blow against Syria, for which Israeli armed forces were best suited.

At 7:50 p.m. the President, having returned from Camp David, called me to his office. He and I had been in frequent touch during this Sunday afternoon. I had rehearsed my concerns about unilateral American military action on several occasions along the lines of the WSAG consensus: late in the day he had changed his view. Just before the WSAG meeting he had told me that if there were a military reaction it should not be by us. I quickly brought Nixon up to date. I suggested that he call the senior members of the WSAG up to his office to give them some sense of his thinking and the psychological boost that can come only from Presidential leadership. Even though his view now coincided with that of the WSAG, I urged that he not reveal his change of mind so that the WSAG could go through the options again, free from the desire to fulfill Presidential preferences. He could then be sure to get the best judgment; he could make his formal decision after the WSAG meeting was concluded.

Once the point of decision was reached, Nixon acted with a kind of joyless, desperate courage — torn between his insights and understanding of the international reality and his fatalistic instinct that nothing he touched would ever be crowned with ultimate success. The biggest problem at that point was to keep the courage from turning into recklessness and the firmness into bravado. In these

situations he would not be concerned with short-term political advantage; he would do what he thought was required by the national interest as he perceived it. No more can be asked of any President. Many have done much less.

From about 8:00 to 8:20 p.m., Nixon met with the WSAG principals — Alex Johnson, Tom Moorer, Dick Helms, David Packard, Joe Sisco. He gave them a pep talk expressing appreciation for their efforts. He said that their job was to save the King against outside intervention; he expected their judgment regardless of what they might previously have assumed to be his preferences. He stressed that I would be speaking for him.

At 8:20 p.m. the suitably inspired WSAG members left the President's office and resumed their deliberations downstairs in the Situation Room. I stayed behind for ten minutes to go over the options with the President. We both agreed that the odds favored our prevailing if we remained firm without being truculent and if we played our cards well.

At about 8:20 p.m., too, Denis Greenhill telephoned again on the secure phone. Since I was in the Oval Office, Haig in the Situation Room took the call. Greenhill passed on a message that Hussein had given to the British Ambassador in the morning and repeated again two hours before the phone call: In view of the deteriorating situation the King was requesting immediate air strikes.

At 8:35 p.m. I rejoined the WSAG meeting, which continued until about 9:15 p.m. The British message reinforced the predisposition in favor of standing aside for an Israeli move. We did not possess enough intelligence or target information to respond rapidly to the King's plea with American forces. At the same time, if the United States was to hold the ring against Soviet intervention we would have to accelerate our readiness; we would thereby also improve our capacity to conduct air operations should the Israelis prove more reluctant to act than we estimated. The WSAG approved the following recommendations to the President:

\* improving the alert status of the airborne brigade in Germany

even further;

\* putting the 82nd Airborne Division on full alert (this would undoubtedly leak and thus force a rapid decision on both Moscow and Damascus);

\* flying a reconnaissance plane from a carrier to Tel Aviv airport to pick up targeting information (this would undoubtedly be discovered by Soviet and Egyptian radar, and signal that American military action might be approaching). In other words, we would heighten the perception that American or Israeli intervention was threatening.

In my view that seems "balanced" and "safe" in a crisis is often the most risky. Gradual escalation tempts the opponent to match every move; what is intended as a show of moderation may be interpreted as irresolution; reassurance may provide too predictable a checklist and hence an incentive for waiting, prolonging the conditions of inherent risk. A leader must choose carefully and thoughtfully the issues over which to face confrontation. He should do so for major objectives. Once he is committed, however, his obligation is to end the confrontation rapidly. For this he must convey implacability. He must be prepared to escalate rapidly and brutally to a point where the opponent can no longer afford to experiment.

At about 9:27 p.m. I asked Sisco to join me conveying the WSAG's recommendations to the President; as the official who sat at the nexus of all the cable traffic it was crucial for Sisco to understand the nuances of White House thinking. It would also help keep Rogers informed, he had decided to stay near a phone at home to await developments. First we had to find the President because Nixon had decided to go bowling. With the aid of the Secret Service we finally tracked him to an obscure alley in the basement of the Executive Office Building. Nixon calmly listened to our report and approved the recommendations while inconspicuously holding a bowling ball in one hand. It was one of the few occasions that I saw Nixon without a coat and tie. He said that whatever was done must succeed; he was determined to stop the Syrian attack. He agreed

that we needed urgently to establish contact with the Israeli Ambassador. I told him I would call Rabin.

At about 10 p.m., I returned to my office in the White House and placed the call. It turned out that Rabin was attending a dinner in New York honoring Golda Meir. He had to be called from the dais and brought to a reasonably secure place, though throughout the conversation I could hear the distant babble of voices. Telling Rabin that Sisco was also on the line, I asked what information Israel had on Syrian moves. Rabin said Israel estimated some two hundred Syrian tanks to be in the area of Irbid. I told Rabin that we had been asked for assistance but had no intelligence. Could Israel fly some reconnaissance at daybreak (then only three hours away in the Middle East) and give us its judgment? Rabin, who was nobody's fool, asked whether we would look favorably on an Israeli air strike if the intelligence indicated significant Syrian advances. I replied that we would prefer to make this judgment after analyzing the results of the reconnaissance.

We were in the process of discussing this when I was handed another urgent message from the King, this time directly to us. I told Rabin I would have to call him back shortly.

Hussein's message had come by telephone to our Ambassador two hours earlier. It spoke of a serious deterioration following a new massive Syrian invasion (the attack by the two brigades at noon). Jordanian forces were no longer in contact with each other; Irbid was occupied. The troops in the capital were disquieted. In the King's view air strikes were imperative to save his country; he might soon request ground troops as well. Reversing his previous procedure, Hussein asked us to inform Britain of his plight.

At 10:10 p.m., Sisco and I jointly phoned Rogers from my office and told the Secretary of the conversation with Rabin and the new desperate message from the King. We were inclined to recommend to the President, we said, that we endorse an Israeli air strike. Rogers agreed we had no choice.

At 10:12 p.m., now familiar with the route, Sisco and I therefore went back to the bowling alley. (I never say the bowling alley again after that fateful night). We told the President of the King's request and the consensus of his own senior advisers. He accepted our recommendation and authorized us to approach Rabin. At 10:25 p.m. Sisco and I found our way back to my office.

At 10:35 p.m. I placed another call to Rabin with Sisco on the line. Just as the connection was being completed, Nixon, his bowling completed, walked into my office, conservatively dressed as usual. I told Rabin of the information we had received from Jordan, without specifying the source. After discussion with the President and the Secretary, I could inform him that if Israeli reconnaissance confirmed what he had told me, we would look favorably upon an Israeli air attack. We would make good the material losses, and we would do our utmost to prevent Soviet interference. Rabin carefully repeated what I had said to make sure that he understood: he would have to consult his Prime Minister.

## KIOSK Goings on about town

- Jeddah**  
Saturday, Nov. 10  
The annual general meeting of the Saudi Arabian Natural History Society at U.S.G.S. Remote Sensing Building off Medina Road next to Spinzer's Restaurant at 8:00 p.m. Gunnar Bernert will give an illustrated lecture on life in the Red Sea. There will be a short film.
- Monday, Nov. 12**  
Tea, from 4:00 to 6:00 p.m., for Danish women at the ambassador's residence. Documentary films will be shown. For information, call 57743.
- Monday through Thursday, Nov. 12 to Nov. 15**  
SET's production of Noel Coward's Private Lives at 8:00 p.m. at the British Embassy. Tickets, at SR20, are on sale on film and library nights at the embassy. Bookings by telephone can be made through Iris Jones at 53811.
- Monday, Nov. 12**  
Musical Monday at Mme. Caroline Haffner's villa for all interested singers and musicians. Please call 54284.
- Riyadh**  
Sunday, Nov. 11  
The Riyadh Softball League at Bechtel Field. At 7:00 p.m., Desert Rats vs. Law Engineering and at 8:00 p.m. Bell Canada vs. Lockheed.
- Monday, Nov. 12**  
The Riyadh Men's Basketball League Recreation Division will be playing at the Khurais Marriott Hotel at 6:30 p.m.
- Tuesday, Nov. 13**  
The Softball League games at Bechtel Field will see Bechtel vs. Law Engineering at 7:00 p.m. and Stags vs. Lockheed at 8:00 p.m.
- Wednesday, Nov. 14**  
The Men's Basketball League Competitive Division will be playing at the Khurais Marriott at 6:30 p.m.
- Thursday, Nov. 8 to Thursday, Nov. 15**  
The exhibition of Berber weavings and crafts of Morocco continues at the Arab Heritage Gallery. Open 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. Sat. to Thurs. and also Tues. and Thurs. evenings 4 p.m. to 7 p.m. Prince Saad St., Intersection of 28th St. Al-Khobar.
- Friday, Nov. 9**  
The Dhahran Road Runners sponsors the second annual Dhahran Road Race. The race begins at 3:15 p.m. at the Kings Road Ball field at Aramco and continues along a 6 mile route. Spectators welcome.
- Tuesday, Nov. 13**  
The Dhahran Outing Group presents a talk on Thailand at 7:30 p.m. at the Aramco Snack Bar auditorium.

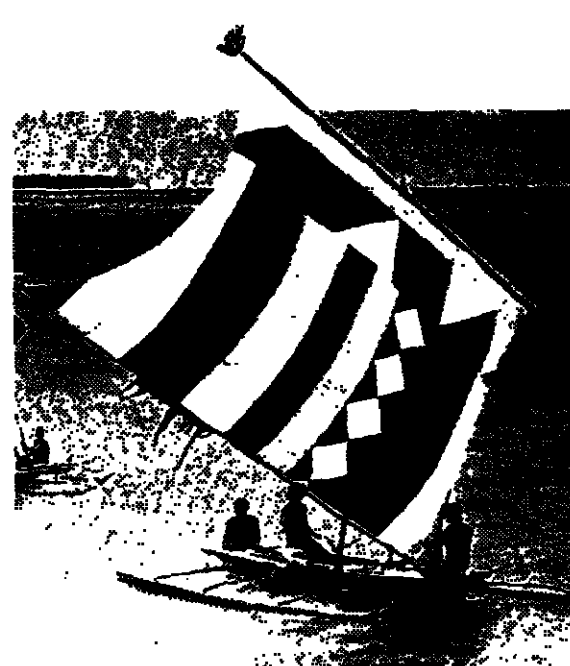
# Now! Destination MANILA

Starting Oct 28th at 2100 hrs, we fly every Sunday to Manila via Bangkok. This in addition to the twice weekly Bahrain-Bangkok-Hong Kong service.

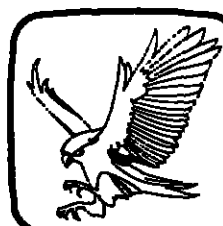
Gulf Air now adds Manila to its Far East destinations ... and increasing to three times a week to Bangkok.

We'll take you there in wide-bodied comfort with the experience of superb cuisine and the kind attention of our charming hostesses. You'll arrive in Manila at a convenient hour and in a relaxed mood.

Manila offers a classic blend of Spanish and Phillipino cultures, well-organised business facilities, idyllic landscapes and incomparable night life. All with the touch of typical Polynesian hospitality.



طيران الخليج  
**GULF AIR**





**SAUDI ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY**

# arab news

SAUDI RESEARCH AND MARKETING COMPANY

THE ARAB NEWS IS A POLITICAL AND FINANCIAL NEWSPAPER

Chairman & Director General: **HISHAM ALI HAFIZ**  
 Editor in Chief: **MOHAMMAD ALI HAFIZ**  
 Senior Editor: **ESR. HATTAO**  
 Managing Editor: **FAROUK LUQMAN**  
 Asst. Dep. Manager: **ROBERT JURIEDINI**

MAIN OFFICE: ARAB NEWS BUILDING OFF SHARAFIA, P.O. BOX 4656  
 TEL: 54952-25705-30215 CABLE: MARADNEWS  
 TEL: 401570 ARABNEWS SJ JEDDAH

RIYADH OFFICE: AL BATHA STREET, AL RAJHI BUILDING NO. 2, 4TH FLOOR,  
 APT 210, P.O. BOX 476 TEL: 38272-30480 TEL: 201860, CABLE: ARABNEWS  
 TEL: 201860 MARAD SJ

EASTERN REGION OFFICE: ABDOULLAH FOUD CENTER ABDOUL AZIZ STREET  
 10th FLOOR SUITE 1003 AL-KHOSRAB TEL: 43981-49501-49516

MIDDLE EAST OFFICE: 3077-31 JAZIRAT AL ARAB STREET, MADINAT  
 AL MOHANNADSEN, ADDOKI, CAIRO TEL: 818382-81512

LEBANON: SANAYAN EL GHANEM BLDG., P.O. BOX 6886  
 BEIRUT, LEBANON. TEL: 547080 TEL: 20849

LONDON OFFICE: 87 GOUGH SQUARE, FLEET STREET,  
 LONDON EC 4A 3D J. TEL: 353-4413/4456 TEL: 698272 ARAB NEWS

EUROPEAN OFFICES: SWITZERLAND: 9 PLACE DU MOLARD, GENEVA,  
 SWITZERLAND. TEL: 211711 TEL: 260055 CABLE: P.O. BOX 786 1211 GENEVA 3

PARIS OFFICE: 16 RUE CHRISTOPHE COLOMB AVENUE GEORGE V  
 75008 PARIS 720 36 34 / 723 68 50

TUNISIA OFFICE: TEL: 256611

U.S. OFFICES: HOUSTON: 2100 WEST LOOP SOUTH, SUITE 1650  
 HOUSTON, TEXAS 77027 TEL: (713) 961-0245  
 TEL: 750209 ARABNEWS HOU

WASHINGTON, D.C.: 359 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING  
 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20045 TEL: (202) 638-7185, TEL: 440588 SAUDI UN

JAPAN OFFICE: BABA 2.12.10, TSURUMI, YOKOHAMA, JAPAN,  
 TEL: (045) 573-8816 TEL: 47896 UMULQURA, CABLE: UMULQURA

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION: \$8.30 AIRMAIL POSTAGE INCLUDED  
 INTERNATIONALS 150 AIRMAIL POSTAGE INCLUDED

Produced and Printed at Al-Madina Printing and Publishing Co. Jeddah  
 For Riyadh and Eastern Region  
 Printed at Al-Yamama Printing Press

**SOLE ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVES**

**TIHAMA**

FOR ADVERTISING, PUBLIC RELATIONS & MARKETING RESEARCH

HEAD OFFICE: Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Ministry of  
 Foreign Affairs Circle, P.O. Box 5455 Tel. 40000 — 20 Lines  
 Cable: TIHAMCO, JEDDAH Tel: 401205 TIHAMA SJ

MECCA BRANCH: Sitten Street, Dahlan Building, P.O. Box 1074  
 Tel. 35023 — 32709 Cable, TIHAMCO, Mecca

RIYADH BRANCH: Airport Street, Behind the American Mission,  
 P.O. Box 4691 Tel. 4780394 — 68207 Cable, TIHAMCO, RIYADH  
 Tel: 201305 TIHAMA RSJ

DAMMAM BRANCH: Ibn Khaldoun District, Al Dhahran Street,  
 Bughien Building, Seventh Floor, P.O. Box 2686,  
 Tel: 32555 — 20434, Cable TIHAMCO, Dammam.

LONDON BRANCH: 76 Shoe Lane, London EC 4A 3JB,  
 Tel: 01 353 6899 & 6826

HOUSTON: 2100 WEST LOOP SOUTH, SUITE 1650  
 HOUSTON, TEXAS 77027 TEL: (713) 961-0245  
 TEL: 750209 ARABNEWS HOU

## A surprising legacy of the British era

By Michael Adams

I am often surprised, when I visit countries of the Arab world by the generally friendly attitude of the Arabs I meet towards Britain and the British people. Making every allowance for Arab courtesy, which makes it difficult to say rude things to a guest (and which sometimes, it seems to me, puts too much of a brake on plain speaking), I still find it remarkable that Arab as a whole seem so well disposed towards the individual Englishman. And of course I am very pleased that it should be so.

The contacts between us in the past have been, after all, less than satisfactory. If I were a Palestinian with only the sketchiest knowledge of Britain's part in the history of Palestine in the 1920s and '30s, or an Egyptian with a memory long enough to go back to 1956 (to take only these two examples of Britain's involvement in the Arab world), I believe I should find it difficult not to let something of my feelings show when I met a stranger from Britain.

But most Arabs seem to find it much easier to remember a good turn than an injury — which is a most engaging characteristic. Just this morning, for instance, I had a telephone call from Paris. On the other end of the line was an Egyptian who wanted to find out from me the address of an elderly English woman, now a widow. The reason for his enquiry? The Englishwoman's husband, many years ago, used to live in Egypt, where he was once Professor of Law at Cairo University, and this particular Egyptian had been one of his pupils before going on to make a distinguished career for himself in the courts. He knew that his old professor had died and he just wanted to assure himself that all was well with his widow. Perhaps that would not be so remarkable but for the fact that the professor's contract at Cairo University had been terminated in 1951 (when Britain and Egypt were in dispute over the presence of a British garrison in the Suez Canal Zone) — and here was his one-time Egyptian student, now a man in his sixties, taking the trouble to telephone from Paris, nearly thirty years later, to make a friendly enquiry about the welfare of his widow. You don't meet that sort of kindness every day.

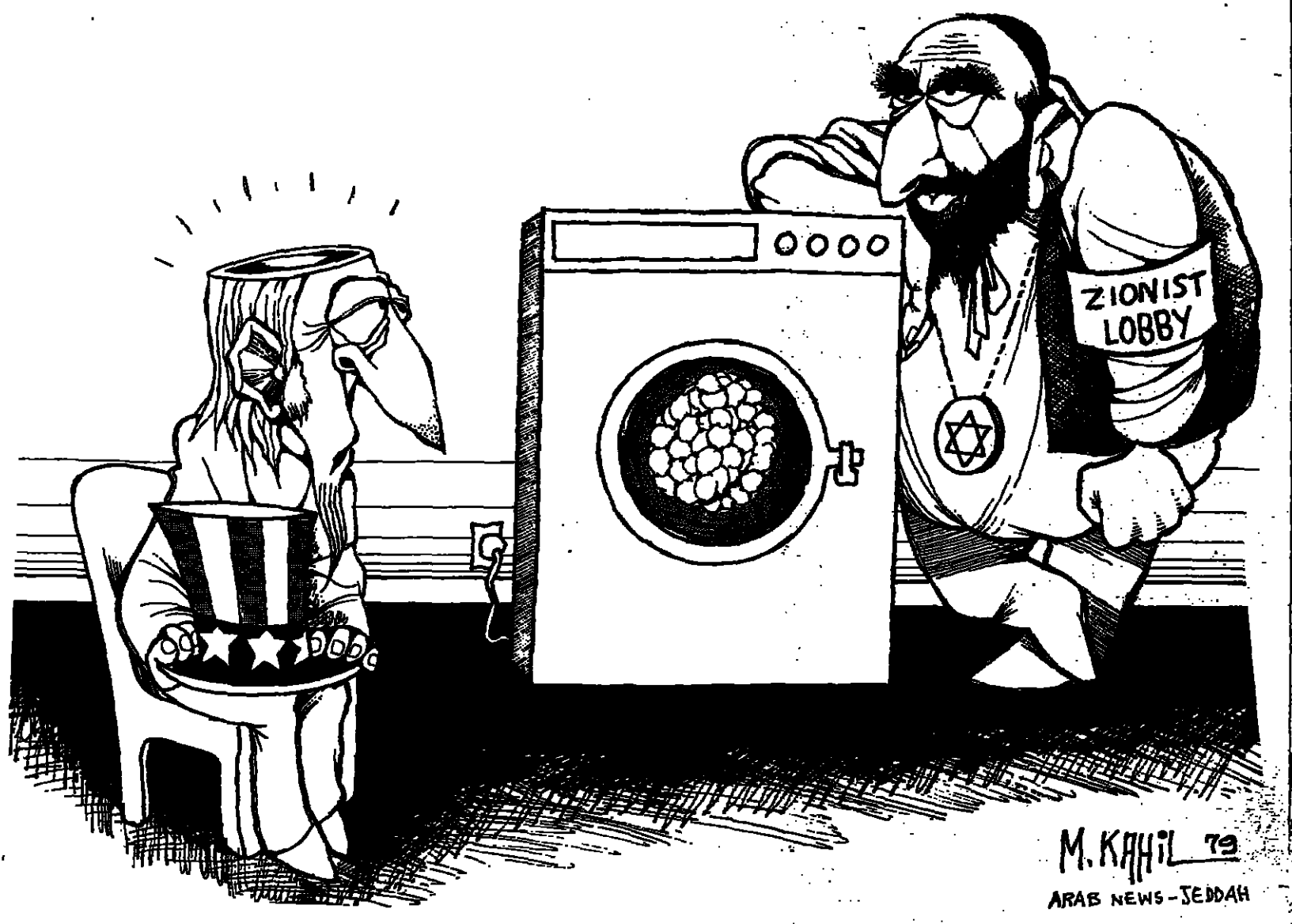
So there is much to be grateful for in the way the relationship between the Arabs and the British has stood the test of time, and of political differences, at least on the personal level. But that only emphasises the failure to establish an equally satisfactory and fruitful relationship on the political level. And here there is much less for us to be grateful about.

Not that relations between us at the moment are bad. They are not; outwardly our governments are polite to each other, trade between us is flourishing and, with only minor exceptions, we are on perfectly good working terms. But that is about as much as you can say about the relationship. Otherwise it is lacking in any genuine warmth and it is devoid of the kind of sympathy and understanding which a relationship needs, whether it is between individuals or between nations, if it is to be proof against the kind of sudden shock that is unpredictable.

There are all sorts of reasons for this state of affairs, some of them old and familiar, others relatively new. There are the obvious cultural differences between us, which become less important as time goes on and we learn more about each other, but which still need time and effort before they can be bridged. There is the language difficulty, which the Arabs have done much more than the British to overcome. There are old prejudices, racial and religious, rooted in the conflicts of past centuries, and new ones which have more to do with material interests and with the suspicions and resentments which they can so easily breed. And there is the impatience of the Arab world (which seems to me very natural) over the failure of Britain and of the West in general to adopt a more robust stance over the Palestine question.

All these factors are interestingly examined by Dr. Sari Nasir, of the University of Jordan, in his useful book *The Arabs and the English*, of which I am glad to see that a new edition has just been published in London by Longman. Dr. Nasir's approach is a dispassionate one, which I am sure is right: there is no point in trying to apportion blame for the lack of proper understanding — what is important is to be clear about the reasons for it and to try to deal with them. And that is a task at which both sides need to work hard.

If we can transfer the warmth that characterises so many personal relationships between us to the more formal political relationship between Britain and the governments of the Arab world, the future will look much brighter for all of us. It is not something we shall achieve overnight, but it is a task worth a lot of effort. And the basis, I am confident, is there to build upon.



## UNESCO control causes political flap

By John de St. Jorre

NEW YORK, — UNESCO's director-general, Ahmadou-Mahtar M'bow, a Senegalese educator, politician and diplomat, is under attack as he moves the organization closer to the Third World.

In terms of the issues it is tackling and the people it is appointing, UNESCO is being 'decolonized', says one official.

The process is not as crude and unfair as some critics allege. Professional appointments are regulated by a national quota system and the latest figures show several Western countries, including Britain, France and Italy, are over-represented, while many developing countries are under-represented. Senegal, Haiti and Yugoslavia, often

criticized as having an unfair share of the top posts, are in fact comfortably within their quotas.

The 'decolonization' move is resented by a number of Europeans and Americans within UNESCO, who have tended to regard it as a Western preserve, and an elitist preserve to boot. 'You hear them muttering in the corridors about negroes', said an official who welcomes the new order. 'Both racism and nationalism are alive and well over there in Paris.'

Two groups seem to have maintained strong positions within the hierarchy: the French and the Yugoslavs. With UNESCO headquarters in Paris, it is not surprising that the French are well represented at all levels, but some American critics believe it is also because M'bow, a Francophone

African trained in the exacting French traditions of a high servant of state, wants to keep it that way. The strength of the Yugoslavs lies not so much in formal positions of power as in several key offices in the secretariat. Some have worked for UNESCO for a long time and are skilled in the dynamics and subtleties of institutional politics. They work closely together and came out early as supporters of M'bow in the 1974 succession.

American officials who deal regularly with M'bow express admiration for him. He is particularly popular with the State Department's young Turks, who endorse the changes that are taking place in UNESCO and often find themselves at odds with the more conservative elements in their own bureaucracy.

M'bow has saved UNESCO at least twice since he took over, said a U.S. official. 'First, he healed the schism that drove the Israelis and U.S. out of the organization and then he orchestrated the compromise declaration on the media last year in Paris. Since the stormy days of the media dispute, U.S. has begun to play a more active role in the organization and to fit its profile by appointing higher grade people to represent it rather than use it as a convenient way of paying off inconvenient political debts.'

But even pro-M'bow officials in the State Department feel he let them down when, having promised to consider an American for one of the top posts — the only other U.S. national in the secretariat had been fired — the director-general appointed a Mexican instead.

The U.S. government, which pays a quarter of UNESCO's budget, has so far refused to accept a less important position and is hoping that M'bow will offer it the next senior slot that becomes available.

A more telling criticism of M'bow concerns over-centralization and an unwillingness to delegate responsibility. The critics concede that at the top of the pyramid must have a great deal of power if the organization is to function at all.

But M'bow's insistence on keeping all the reins tightly in his own hands — he vets all professional appointments personally, for example — is often counter-productive especially since he spends up to a third of his time away from Paris.

M'bow is also highly sensitive to criticism and he reacted angrily to internal protests and criticisms in the press. UNESCO officials suggest that the problem is partly cultural — Africans prefer to discuss issues verbally, whereas Europeans and Americans like to get things down on paper. 'In UNESCO memoranda can be regarded as a hostile act,' one official put it. — (OFNS)

## Europe's lake pollution threat

By Chris Morgenson

STOCKHOLM — Pressure is building up here for international action to stop Britain and West Germany polluting Sweden's lakes.

Experts estimate that some 20,000 fishing lakes run the risk of being destroyed by airborne pollution. Most of this is carried across the North Sea from England but a substantial amount comes from West Germany and Poland.

The pollution, falling in rain over Scandinavia, causes 'acidification'. The immediate effect is that fish die. Lars Eliasson, president of the Swedish Anglers Association, says: 'Little is known of the long-term effects on human beings, animals, forests and farmland.'

Environmental activists are urging the government to take legal action against the countries causing the pollution, but the government is reluctant to do so because of the difficulty of proving responsibility.

Sulphur pollution is the main problem. It could be neutralized by spreading lime on affected lakes but scientists are not sure about the long-term effects of such treatment. The cost would also be prohibitive.

Sweden is not the only country to suffer. The Nordic Anglers' Union, representing sport fishing organizations in Norway, Iceland, Finland, Denmark and Sweden, has already appealed to Britain and West Germany to cut pollution.

Lars Overrein, director of a Norwegian research investigation into 'poison rain', says: 'Acid precipitation is one of the most serious global pollution problems. It is virtually impossible to foresee all the ultimate consequences.'

'Liming and biological methods, including the planting of resistant trees or the breeding of acid-tolerant strains of fish, are not really the answer. Solutions must be sought at international level.'

The Norwegian investigation was started in 1972, after a United Nations conference on the environment in Stockholm had drawn attention to the increasing acidity of rain everywhere in Europe. The problem is also being studied by the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

An OECD report has confirmed that sulphur compounds travel long distances in the atmosphere and that large quantities of sulphur are carried over the North Sea.

In a new attempt to find remedies, the Norwegian Council for Scientific and Industrial Research is organizing an international conference on 'the ecological impact of acid precipitation.' This will be held in Sandefjord, Norway, from 11 to 14 March next year.

Meanwhile, the Swedish Anglers Association has enlisted the help of everyone from foreign journalists to the nation's No. 1 botanist, Carl von Linné (Linnaeus), who during his lifetime from 1719 to 1772 encountered sulphur pollution in the area around the Falun copper mine.

Journalists invited from abroad to a conference on air pollution organized by the Anglers Association in Gothenburg were given translations of Linnaeus's horrified reaction:

'Never has a pet described a theologian's hell with such horror as it appears here. There ascends a poisonous, pungent sulphur smoke, poisoning the air wide around. This corrodes the earth.' — (OFNS)

## saudi press review

*Al-Riyadh* Wednesday played as its lead story King Khaled's message to the International Conference in Solidarity with the Arab People and the Palestine Issue now being held in Portuguese capital Lisbon. The King was reported as having reiterated that any solution that did not restore Jerusalem would be rejected and that Israel's expansionist policy was threatening world peace.

At least two newspapers led with the resignation of the Bazarang government in Iran and its reported takeover by the Revolutionary Council. *Al-Madina*, meanwhile, said in its lead story that 80 experts and advisers were studying an amendment to the charter and the structure of the Arab League, and *Al-Bilad* gave prominence to a reported Syro-Palestinian working paper to be submitted to the forthcoming Arab summit meeting. U.S. Middle East envoy Robert Strauss was reported by *Okaz* to be giving up his present post to prepare himself for President Carter's campaign for the next presidential elections.

*Okaz* frontpaged a story in which it quoted President William Tolbert of Liberia, the current chairman of the Organization of African Unity (OAU) as saying

King Hassan II of Morocco was keen to find a peaceful solution to the Western Sahara problem. The resignation of the Iranian government was highlighted on the front pages of some newspapers while some others reported that militiamen were making it difficult for a large number of United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon's (UNIFIL) troops to return to their headquarters.

*Al-Madina* reported on its front page that 12 Arab states have so far agreed to attend the forthcoming Arab summit meeting in Tunis, while *Al-Jazirah* frontpaged a report on an international Islamic conference to be held in Pakistan to discuss the role of Islam in the spheres of culture, humanity and civilization.

Writing editorially on the SR21 billion Yanbu industrial complex which is to be dedicated by King Khaled later this month, *Al-Madina* said the royal opening of the complex is a living proof of the immense concern of the Saudi leadership for building a strong and a high standard industrial base for the country which can transform it into an industrial nation whose products can easily compete with those of the major countries.

'The building of the complex is

not only a step on the road of industrialization of the Kingdom but is also a strong blow to all forms of monopolies and exploitation earlier exercised by foreign companies,' said the paper. 'This industrial edifice reaffirms the Kingdom's determination to move on the path that realizes the people's aspirations and ensures them full benefit from their own expertise without the need to lean upon any middleman who shares their profits,' the paper added.

Commenting on the forthcoming Arab summit, *Al-Riyadh* said, 'the Arab world will have to end its differences and rise above petty matters if it were to triumph over the present situation. The Arab world will have completed half its march on the road to victory when it rekindles in itself a sense of total responsibility towards its issues and principles,' it said.

The paper had a strong conviction that the Tunis summit would prove to be a historic turn in the Arab march and a new dawn will break forth in Arab relations. 'It will help in the settlement of its issues from which only its enemy had always benefited,' it said. The paper hoped that the Tunis summit will be different from all other meetings, as it will demon-

strate an honest desire to clear the Arab atmosphere and to work for the sake of Arab unity and solidarity.

Dealing with the same subject, *Al-Bilad* said the summit will be confronted with burning political and military matters in Arab relations. Of these, it said, the Leban-

ese situation was one that looked for Arab steps to help it out of its present ordeal. 'The fight with the Zionist enemy was yet another matter that had continuously perturbed the Arabs and created many contradictions (in the stance),' it added.

'The Tunis summit will be crucial not only because it will

real assessment of Arab action stretching from the Baghdad summit to the forthcoming meeting, but also because its agenda will have points on which to resolve the engaging problems to wait for yet another period the paper said.



## TILTING AT WINDMILLS

Finally, and as a result of the showdown between his government and the Revolutionary Council over the continuing occupation of the American embassy in Tehran, Dr. Mehdi Bazargan and his cabinet resigned.

It was clear from the beginning that the occupation took place on Khomeini's instigation and that of his Council; and that the prime minister and his foreign minister were both opposed. They both tried to find a solution consonant with international law and diplomatic usage, but failed in the face of extremism.

That the real purpose of the occupation was the embarrassment, even the destruction, of the Bazarang government is attested to by the speed of Khomeini's acceptance of the resignation. This became clearer as the acceptance was immediately followed with instructions for writing a new constitution and the organization of a new referendum.

The Bazarang government, as it was quickly realized had far from decisive influence in the country. The real ruler has always been Ayatollah Khomeini himself. But for all that, Bazarang's presence, his known moderation and open-mindedness, were all taken as guarantees that at least a thread of responsible government still ran through the fabric of Iranian politics.

With his departure the field is clear for extremists who have yet to show signs of the expertise and patience required to put a country with such a magnitude of problems as Iran on an even keel. The world, given Iran's economic and strategic importance, cannot but feel perturbed.

While it is fair to say that extremism and confusion are necessary adjuncts to a revolutionary upheaval such as Iran had witnessed, it is nevertheless to be regretted that it seeks to take such a long time for things to settle down in the country.

The danger is that the elements within the leadership and in the street who have up to now preferred to tilt at windmills rather than face the pressing demands of economic and political reconstruction might precipitate a real crisis with the Arab world. Threats to the Gulf are still being made, and the feud with Iraq seems to go unabated.

This would be a real pity, since the Arab world has no interest except in seeing a happy, prosperous and stable Iran.

## STRAUSS' DEPARTURE

The resignation of Robert Strauss, Carter's special envoy to the Middle East, drove a substantial nail in the coffin of the Israeli-Egyptian talks over Palestinian autonomy. There is no doubt that his famous 'nose for business' told him the time was ripe for such a move. The credibility of the talks is sinking fast. Only a fool would hold on to such plunging stock.

Envoy Strauss has a good cover for his departure. He goes to manage the finances of Carter's reelection campaign. Yet this did not stop him from voicing his disappointment at the protracted wrangling that has been the story of the talks so far, and at the fact that no additional Arab side to the conflict had been persuaded to join.

Two events had been important in making up the envoy's mind. The first was the shock of King Hussein's refusal to meet him in New York, when he came with an invitation from President Carter for talks with the King. The second was the failure of the London round of the talks, when Dr. Khalil of Egypt and Mr. Burg of Israel failed to agree on a way to break the deadlock in their negotiations.

Strauss, in any case, is not the first absconder from the moribund 'peace process' between Israel and Egypt. From the American side, Cyrus Vance had already chosen the better part of valor. On the Israeli side, Dayan has already left, while Ezer Weizman said yesterday that he had thought of resigning, and is only staying because he might be useful in moving things along slightly.

But it is the Egyptian side which exhibits the most impressive list of casualties and escapees. There was first Ismail Fahmi who resigned on the eve of Sadat's visit to Jerusalem. Soon the defection of the foreign minister was followed by that of his deputy Dr. Mahmoud Riad. Then came in succession the resignations of Dr. Ibrahim Kamil and Field Marshal Gamasi, and the disappearance from view of Dr. Osama Al Baz.

One would have thought that there was enough evidence here of the dead end at which the 'peace process' finds itself. For aside from the solid wall of external opposition, the building itself is crumbling from within. But this is what the parties to it refuse to recognize. Until, that is, next May, when the time they themselves have set up for the negotiations runs out.



## A most unusual night

# Soweto shakes its head in disbelief

By Alvin Shuster

JOHANNESBURG — Blacks and whites agreed that it was a most unusual night. Some shook their heads in disbelief.

It was a dinner party. A senior government minister, his wife and two American visitors drove out of Johannesburg into the black township of Soweto, to the home of a black businessman for an evening of chicken, beef, fresh fruit, ice cream and South African Riesling.



P. W. Botha

The minister, Piet Koomhof, who is in charge of race relations in the South African government, took no security men and drove his own car. It was as if he were out for an evening with friends in the lovely Brooklyn area of Pretoria where he lives.

Some thought it was more like Gen. William Westmoreland driving through the DMZ.

No one here can recall if a government minister of Koomhof's rank has ever made such a quiet journey to Soweto for what amounted to a social evening during which wives talked about children and politics, and the men talked about sports and politics. The politics were fascinating.

Apart from the four whites, all the guests were black. They

included David Thebehali, chairman of Soweto's Community Council and Percy Qoboza, the journalist jailed two years ago as an outspoken critic of the Pretoria government.

Koomhof, the minister of cooperation and development, had long wanted to come to Soweto for such an evening as part of an effort to keep lines open which the black community, a change in itself.

The conversation was mostly serious, dealing with the intentions of the government, the hopes of the blacks and even whether Ted Kennedy has a chance against Jimmy Carter.

The dialogue also had its moments of humor. When Koomhof got up to leave at about 11 p.m., Qoboza asked whether he had a permit. When one black suggested that they would be happy to take men like Koomhof along with them when they assumed power, the minister smiled and said, "I thought we were taking you along with us."

In any event, there was general agreement that things are changing in South Africa. A few days before the dinner, Prime Minister P.W. Botha had appeared before hard-liners in his National Party to say that there are more important things in life than to stare the whole day at the color of another man's skin.

"We are always prepared to allow black people into our kitchens to prepare our food and to bring us coffee in restaurants. But the moment a black man appears next to us in the post office, we say go away! What kind of nonsense is that?"

Such words are fine, said the black guests that evening in the red-draped dining room of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Maponya, but they want to see action. For instance, what is the government going to do to improve living standards of urban blacks? They are not spending their days worrying about one-man, one-vote. What they want, the black guests said, is better housing, better jobs, a better life for their children. The

blacks suggested that the government could demonstrate its sincerity by holding a conference with black leaders.

"We are working on all those things," said Koomhof, who recently declared that racial discrimination here is dying. "With greater growth in the economy, we will be able to do more in the way of jobs. We are aware of the problem. And we are planning more housing in Soweto as well."

"We want to be consulted, brought into the decisions," said Qoboza. "Even if whites do good things, it makes no impact here because the blacks had no say. It was merely something handed out to them. It offends their dignity. They want a role in the formulation of policy. They want to feel South African. They are South African."

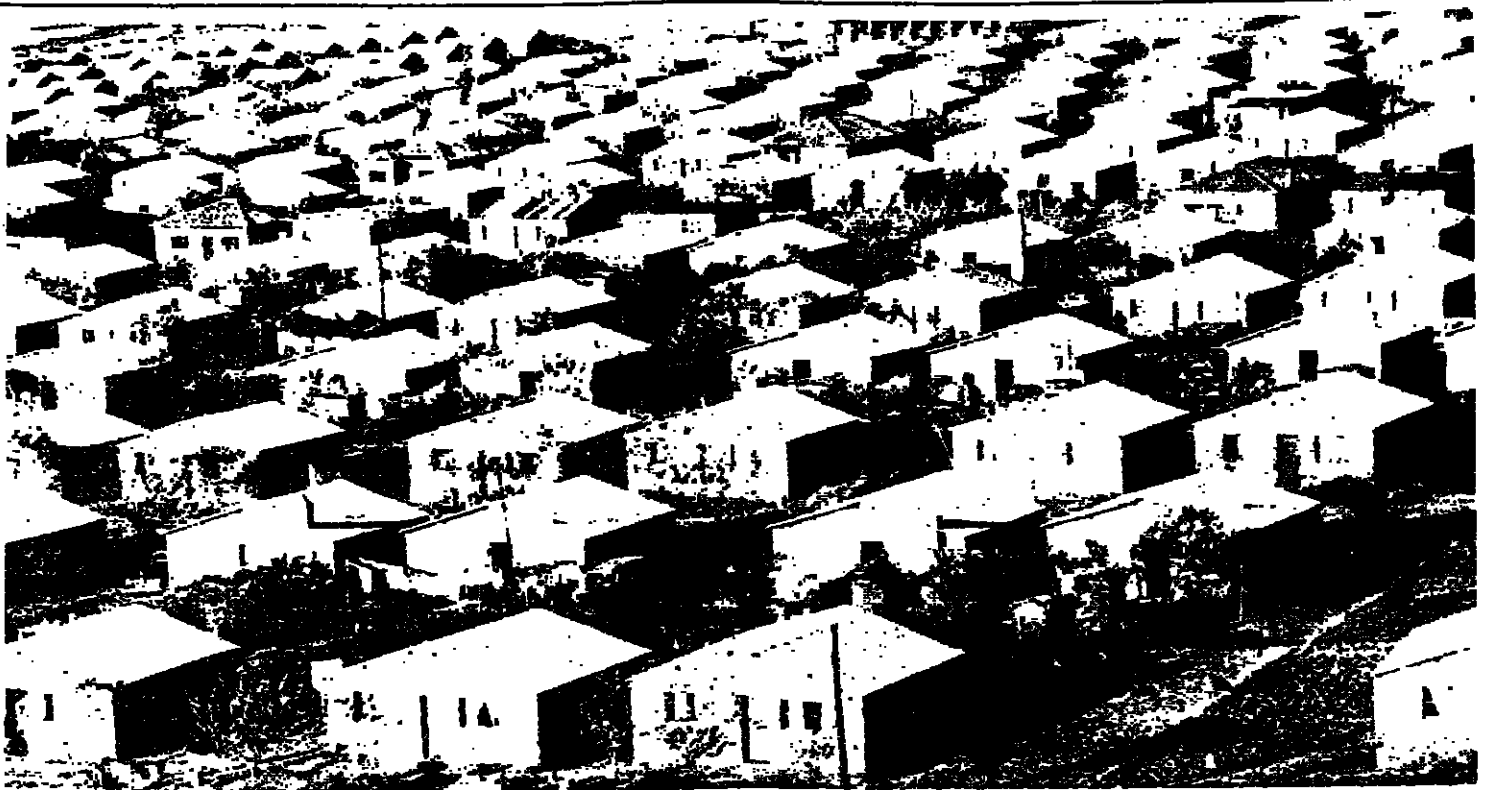
This kind of dialogue, in these circumstances, would have been

unthinkable before Soweto exploded in 1976. The riots generated new thinking in the sovereign National Party, but it took the new administration of Botha, who came to office a year ago, to move into what appears to be an era of reform.

"Something is happening," said one of the dinner guests. "How much and how fast is the question. All is not lost yet for the blacks. If I thought we were without hope, I would have left this country long ago. As for tonight alone — extraordinary, just extraordinary."

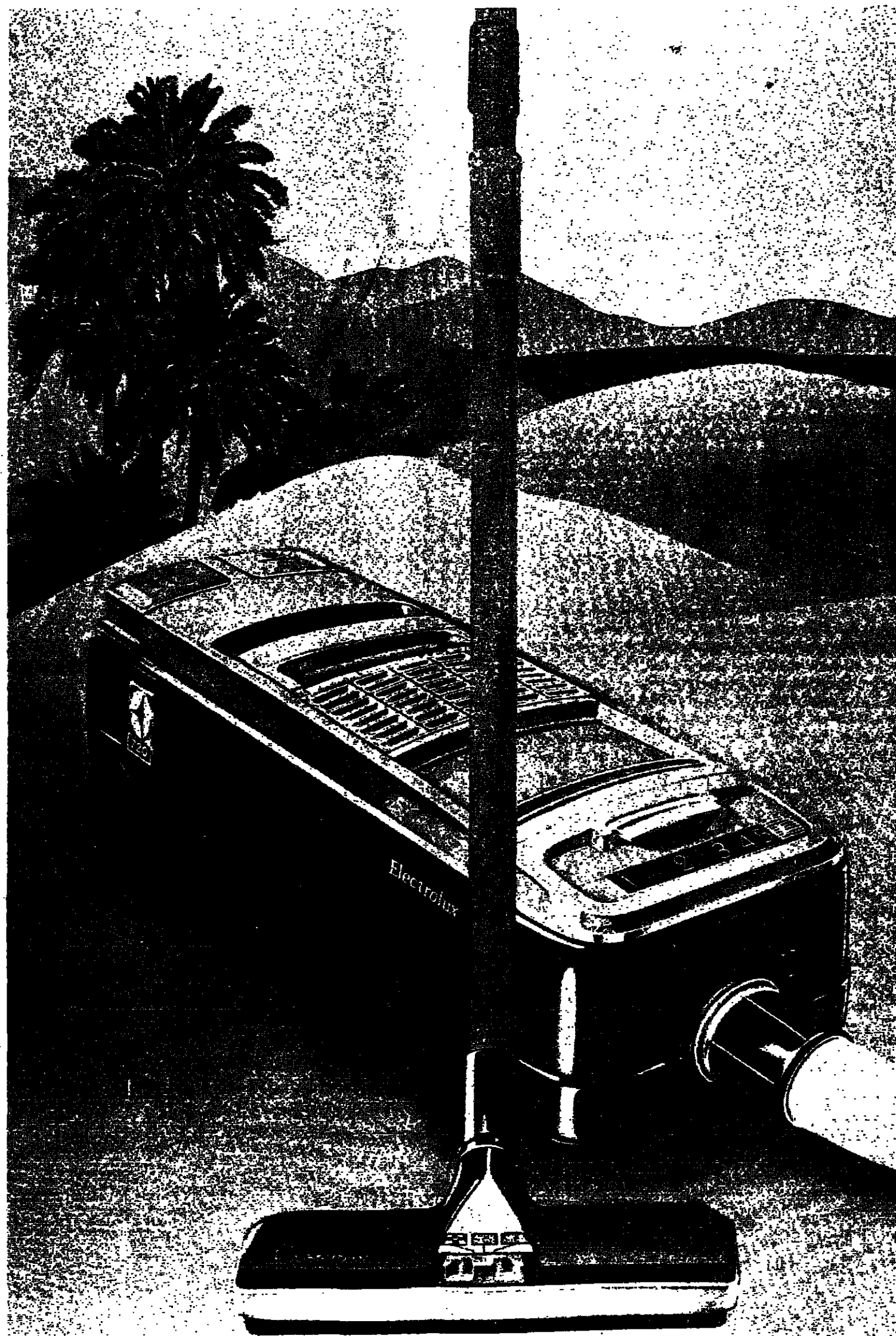
Koomhof climbed behind the wheel of his car as disco music mingled with the smoke from the coal fires used for cooking in the tiny Soweto homes. There were handshakes and waves and general agreement to do it all again, soon.

"Next time, my place," Koomhof said. — (LAT)



The concrete huts of Soweto

# WHY SHOULD SAUDI ARABIA DEMAND THE WORLD'S BEST VACUUM-CLEANER?



We don't mean that any one vacuum cleaner is the most efficient all over the world. The strength and working life of a vacuum-cleaner depend very much on the geographic and climatic conditions where it is used. Saudi Arabia is a country where for certain periods of the year the air contains large quantities of small particles which increase the wear and tear on technical equipment. That is why Electrolux in Sweden have developed a vacuum-cleaner of the very finest quality, which can stand up to the specific conditions in Saudi Arabia — the D720. We dare to claim without any reservations that we make the world's best vacuum-cleaner. And for many reasons.

## AUTOMATIC DUAL VOLTAGE

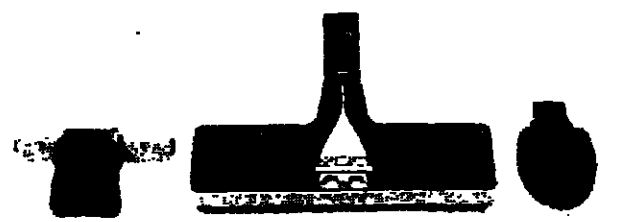
It's a bad enough problem to be faced with several different plugs and voltages every day, but when you move into a new house it's even worse as the electric voltage and plugs are often different from in your old home. Plug in your conventional vacuum-cleaner and it will blow up. The Electrolux D720 has been equipped with automatic dual voltage which means it will immediately adapt to either 110V or 220/240V current without any risk.

## THE QUIET VACUUM-CLEANER

A conventional vacuum-cleaner is noisy, may interfere with radio and TV broadcasts, and can end up being a strain on the nerves. But thanks to its advanced engineering and a built-in device to eliminate noise and interference the D720 operates much more quietly and pleasantly despite having a powerful motor. Furthermore it has a modern design with rounded contours in order to avoid damaging furniture and to make it easier to move around.

## MANY-SIDED HOUSEHOLD AID

No other vacuum-cleaner has so many advanced details. The D720 has an automatic nozzle, thermometer-type dust indicator, cord winder, concealed plug, conical fabric-covered hose, and a large self-sealed dust bag. Extra accessories include a motor-driven carpet nozzle and a carpet shampooing attachment.



## WHO MAKES THE WORLD'S BEST VACUUM-CLEANER?

Electrolux. A super-modern Swedish company with subsidiaries and branches throughout the world. Electrolux has a worldwide reputation for its high quality household appliances, such as refrigerators, freezers, cookers, kitchen fans, washing machines, dishwashing machines and comprehensive line of kitchen fittings. The Electrolux cleaning products line is way ahead of the competition. Because so many modern professional office and commercial cleaning companies choose Electrolux the modern home uses Electrolux too. And Swedish quality is a further guarantee of a long working life. Which is why Electrolux is now the world's largest manufacturer of vacuum-cleaners.

STEP INTO ONE OF OUR SHOWROOMS AND TEST THE BEST VACUUM-CLEANER IN SAUDI ARABIA.

**Electrolux**

IBRAHIM SHAKER CO. JEDDAH — PHONE: 27911 22631, RIYADH — PHONE: 36763 AL KHOBAR — PHONE: 42189

## PAGODA CHINESE RESTAURANT



Tel: 55942 Jeddah

廳餐大宮漢

ENJOY THE GENUINE CHINESE DISHES IN A TYPICAL CHINESE ATMOSPHERE WITH WARMLY SERVICE.

WE CATER FOR ANY KINDS OF PARTIES.

TAKE AWAY FOOD AVAILABLE.

LUNCH TIME 1.00 P.M. TO 3.00 P.M.

DINNER TIME 7.00 P.M. TO 11.30 P.M.

SITTEEN STREET

NEAR SONY BUILDING

RIYADH BRANCH

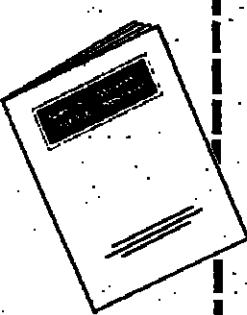
TEL: 61058, AIRPORT ROAD, OPPOSITE TO THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE NEAR NEW SAMA BUILDING

Dartington & Co. Limited

Portfolio Investment Advice and Management for the International Investor

To obtain a copy of our impartial guide to the selection of an Investment Manager, together with details of the financial services offered by Dartington and Co. Limited, please complete and return the coupon below.

TO: Edward Martin, Investment Manager, Dartington & Co. Limited, Bridge Chambers, Barnstaple, Devon, England.



Please send a copy of 'Selecting a Manager', together with further details of the financial services offered by Dartington and Co. Limited.

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_  
AN

Dartington & Co. Limited

Currencies · Bonds · Bullion · Equities · Commodities



*Rhetoric continues***Moscow-Peking talks still stuck on agenda**

MOSCOW, Nov. 7 (AP) — The Soviet Union and China appear to have made little progress in more than a month of "normalization talks" in Moscow, with each country continuing virulent propaganda against the other.

Both sides claim they want the talks to succeed, but each says responsibility for the outcome rests on the other partner. Meanwhile, Soviet and Chinese officials Tuesday repeated their public snubs at anniversary celebrations of the Bolshevik revolution.

At a gala Moscow rally to mark the revolution's 62nd year, Andrei Kirilenko of the Soviet Communist Party's ruling Politburo delivered the now-traditional withering attack on Chinese policies.

Following in the footsteps of Chinese diplomats since 1975, Chinese charge d'affaires Tien Tseng-pei walked out of the Kremlin event as soon as the tone of Kirilenko's remarks became clear.

Chinese Vice Foreign Minister Wang Youping arrived in Moscow Sept. 23 for the start of normalization talks, but immediately became bogged down in procedural disputes with the Russians at a series of "preliminary" meetings. Full-dress talks began Oct. 17 and have seen about four sessions so far.

Diplomats had expected that if

the talks went well, propaganda broadsides would diminish. But both sides have swept up their verbal attacks, and Kirilenko assailed Tuesday the "true hegemonistic nature" of Chinese leaders.

A Chinese source this week said the full-scale talks have made "no progress at all" because of conflicting positions over the agenda.

The Soviet Union, the source said, is insisting on starting with a "declaration of principles" on Sino-Soviet relations. This would be a document that both sides could sign and publish as an initial show of good faith.

The Chinese delegation is pressing instead for an initial discussion of points of disagreement between the countries.

Officials on both sides have refused to say how long they will keep up the attempt to negotiate. Diplomats speculate that if the stalemate persists, the talks will be adjourned but not officially canceled.

In the past 15 years, the Soviet Union advanced many times constructive proposals aimed at improving interstate relations (with China), Kirilenko said. "The Soviet-Chinese talks continue in Moscow. Their results depend on how positive the approach of the Chinese side is to the problems of bilateral relations."



**SURVIVOR:** An American woman is shown as she was taken to a hospital for treatment of injuries she received in a crash last week of a Western Airlines DC-10 in Mexico City, over 70 of the 90 passengers and crew members perished in the crash.

**UNESCO discourages monopoly****Freedom for journalists urged**

TOKYO, Nov. 7 (AP) — The director general of UNESCO said Wednesday his agency favors the distribution of news in any country by more than one agency and that journalists should not be subject to official pressures.

"UNESCO is against the monopoly of information," Amadou-Mathar M'bow said. "It has always supported efforts of individual countries to set up information agencies — not just one per country."

He said that "UNESCO is for objective reporting and for creating a better atmosphere whereby journalists would not be under pressure" by government officials.

M'bow's comments, at a foreign correspondents club luncheon, dealt with some of the most controversial aspects of the 1978 UNESCO draft declaration on a "New world information order," of which he is a principal author.

The declaration, adopted a year ago at a UNESCO meeting in Paris, calls for sweeping reforms intended to give Third World nations a greater voice in the way news about them is reported and distributed around the world.

It has been criticized by some Western journalists and news agency officials as a document that would restrict, rather than increase, the free flow of news by allowing governments to control and manipulate information.

The Senegalese official defended the UNESCO declaration as having a "moral force" that all journalists should recognize as "essential to the interests of peace and understanding among peoples."

He said, however, that only time will tell whether it will have impact or not.

The report was approved by acclamation at Paris last November after several months' debate in which the United States and other countries succeeded in amending a Soviet-sponsored draft which, in their view, was far more restrictive.

**U.N. panel calls for punishment of firms trading with S. Africa**

UNITED NATIONS, Nov. 7 (AP) — The U.N. Special Committee Against Apartheid has vowed to mount "co-ordinated campaigns" against multinational corporations that violate the South Africa embargo.

Akporode Clark of Nigeria, the committee chairman, Tuesday said first on the list were companies which have helped fund South Africa's coal-to-oil ventures and those which conduct a "booming undercover trade" in arms. No companies were identified by name.

Clark spoke in a debate in the General Assembly on his committee's annual report.

The committee denied that multinationals promote equality by speeding up economic development. Instead, it said, they simply reinforce the status quo.

The committee asked for U.N. help, as it has many times before, in making South Africa's major trade partners — the United States, France, Britain and West Germany — respect U.N. resolutions.

Calling South Africa the worst international lawbreaker since Nazi Germany, Clark asked for its expulsion from the International Monetary Fund and the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

Also released at the meeting was a special report deploring the growing closeness of Israeli-South African relations, including:

— Trade ranging from kosher beef for Israel to weapons for South Africa.

— The sale of Israeli bonds on the South African market.

— Increased tourism.

— South Africa's decision to transfer its embassy from Tel Aviv

to Jerusalem. Israel occupied East Jerusalem during the 1967 war and its attempt to install the capital there is seen by many as a bid to secure recognition of annexation.

The report also accused Israel, Northern Ireland, the United States, France, West Germany and Britain of helping South Africa build nuclear weapons.

E.J. Fernando of Sri Lanka recalled recent news reports speculating that South Africa had detonated a nuclear weapon. The reports were never confirmed, and Fernando urged the United Nations not to allow that "timely reminder" to turn into a fait accompli.

The committee is composed of Algeria, East Germany, Ghana, Guinea, Haiti, Hungary, India,

Indonesia, Malaysia, Nepal, Nigeria, Peru, the Philippines, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, Trinidad, Tobago and the Ukraine.

South Africa reacted with sharply worded press release saying "the debate constitutes direct intervention in the affairs of a member state."

The statement went on to say that South Africa has been "illegally excluded" from the General Assembly.

"Solutions will be based on realities in southern Africa, not on mythologies of the General Assembly or advice by an organization, the majority of whose members has little experience understanding of the nature of human rights and democratic systems."

**Former Seoul chief urges vote to choose president**

SEOUL, Nov. 7 (AP) — Former South Korean President Yun Po-Sun was released from close house arrest Wednesday and immediately called for free elections to choose a successor to assassinated President Park Chung-hee and for the release of all political prisoners.

Yun, an important leader under the Park regime, had been held under close house arrest and prevented from receiving visitors since Oct. 23. He said his release was a sign that the repressive policies of the late president were being loosened.

However, another major dissident figure, former presidential candidate Kim Dae-Jung, remained under house arrest

Wednesday. Plainclothes police agents prevented a visitor from entering the house, and Kim from leaving.

In an interview with the Associated Press, Yun said the first action of the National Assembly when it reconvenes Nov. 15 must be to change the constitution to schedule free elections to choose the next president.

"It should be done as soon as possible," he said. "The sooner the better."

If free elections are not held, he said, "there will be great trouble."

"We have suffered nearly under Park's regime. We greatly need change."

**WANTED****Steel Construction Foreman**

BALLAST ORIENT CONTRACTING CO., plant services has a fully equipped modern workshop in northern Al Khobar, Al Khobar-Dammam dual road, behind Al Bustan compound.

Under European management, we offer services to other companies. Our fields of interest are steel construction work and full service, maintenance and overhaul of heavy and light contractor's equipments, trucks, pick-ups and passenger cars.

We have vacancies for:

- Working steel construction foreman
- Working foreman for the garage
- Working heavy equipment foreman

Please write us on: P.O.Box 185 Dhahran Airport, or Phone Al Khobar Mr. KLUNDER, Tel:864-4020 or Mr. Gelissen Tel:864-1054.

**Italian auto firm threatened by terrorist group**

MILAN, Nov. 7 (AP) — Threatening leaflets by the Red Brigades, Italy's most feared terrorist group, were found in the plants of Italian auto maker Alfa Romeo Tuesday, police reported Wednesday.

The organization that last year kidnapped and killed former Premier Aldo Moro listed a number of executives who "will get what they deserve, sooner or later... Their only possibility to escape our vendetta is to change job."

The threats came after Alfa Romeo fired four workers for absenteeism.

Fiat, Italy's major private employer and one of Europe's largest auto groups, also faced terrorist threats and violence in recent weeks after the company fired 61 workers allegedly involved in sabotage or violence in its plants.

The best thoughts start with... SHEAFFER

**UNITED ARAB****SHIPPING COMPANY «S. A. G.»**

THE NATIONAL FLAG LINE OF SAUDI ARABIA

ANNOUNCES THE ARRIVAL OF THEIR VESSELS TO BOTH DAMMAM AND JEDDAH PORTS ON THE PRESCRIBED DATES:

VESSELS NAME	E.T.A DAMMAM	E.T.A JEDDAH
E.R. BRUSSEL	3-11-79	
IBN TUFAIL	9-11-79	
AL OMARIAH	12-11-79	

CONSIGNEES ARE REQUESTED TO COLLECT THEIR D/O TO AVOID ANY DELAYS

AGENT: YUSUF BIN AHMED KANOO

DAMMAM RYADH JEDDAH  
TEL 23011 TEL 28942 TEL 71608 74241  
P.O.B. 37 P.O.B. 753 P.O.B. 812



## SALT amendment rejected

### Senate snubs bid to kill carrier

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 (AP) — The U.S. Senate has crushed an effort to kill the nuclear-powered aircraft carrier which Congress approved earlier this year over resident Jimmy Carter's objections.

On a 72-20 vote, the Senate Tuesday rejected a proposal to delete \$2.1 billion.

The ship funds were part of a bill appropriating \$131.7 billion for defense spending 1980.

The overall total is \$77.69 billion less than Carter requested, but \$ 2.2 billion more than was approved by the House of Rep-

resentatives recently. Sen. John Stennis, D-Mississippi chairman of the appropriations committee's defense subcommittee, said the Senate figure is roughly 3 per cent higher than last year's appropriation, after adjustment for inflation.

The huge carrier was authorized in legislation approved by Congress and awaiting Carter's signature. The appropriations bill is a separate piece of legislation containing the money to build the ship.

Meanwhile, the Senate Foreign

Relations Committee voted unanimously Tuesday to rank any significant improvements in the range and capability of the Soviet backfire bomber as an innovation serious enough to justify U.S. withdrawal from SALT II. Earlier, by a narrow 8-7 margin, the committee rejected an understanding offered by Sen. John Glenn that would have required the Soviet Union to agree not to increase the range payload of the backfire or to increase production beyond the present rate of 30 a year.

The latter vote was the latest in a series of votes by which the committee has rejected a so-called "killer amendment" which the administration fears would prompt the Soviet Union to pull out of the treaty.

In other action, the committee rejected an understanding that would require the Soviet Union to say explicitly that the use of an anti-satellite weapon against American intelligence gathering satellites would be a violation of the treaty.

However, in a unanimous 15-0 vote, the committee took the lesser step of agreeing to communicate that stand to the Soviet Union as an official U.S. policy not requiring Soviet approval.

Senator Charles Percy R-Illinois, sponsor of the understanding, said that the Soviet Union has developed a great capacity to track and destroy U.S. satellites.

He said the treaty implicitly forbids either side to interfere with the other's "national technical means" of monitoring strategic developments and verifying treaty compliance.

### Guerrilla leader in Angola seeks Western support

NEW YORK, Nov. 7 (AP) — Angola's pro-Western guerrilla leader, Jonas Savimbi, says his forces are "beating the Cubans" but he needs the clear support of America and its allies to oust the Marxist government.

Savimbi, making his first visit to the United States since his country gained independence from the Portuguese in 1974, told reporters at a luncheon Tuesday that he is here for political backing and not for aid or arms.

"If we can get a clear-cut stand in America against the Cuban presence in my country, others in Europe and the OAU (Organization of African Unity) may add to the pressure."

"All southern Africa — Namibia, Zimbabwe, South Africa, Zambia, Zaire — is affected by what happens in Angola," he said.

Savimbi said his National Union for the Total Independence of Angola (UNITA) controls two-thirds of Angola's countryside while the Cuban-backed Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA) controls the major towns.



EXILE RETURNS: Jose Napoleon raises his arms recently as a crowd greets his return to San Salvador after a long exile. The country's ruling junta is in loggerheads with leftists but there seems to be some hope of settlement. Tuesday the leftists freed 30 hostages after an agreement with the junta.

## China lauds Hua's Europe tour

PEKING, Nov. 7 (R) — Chinese Premier Hua Guofeng returned to China Wednesday after a four-nation tour of Western Europe officially described here as a great success.

The Chinese Xinhua news agency said Hua has established himself in Western eyes as a man of confidence. He had been able to explain Peking's foreign policy in depth to Western leaders. And he had opened the way to greater trade and economic cooperation.

But the agency sought to dispel over-optimism that the tour to Britain, France, Italy and West

Germany would result in a dramatic increase of trade or radical diplomatic initiatives.

The visit was designed, the agency said, to show the world the type of man now running China and give Hua a chance to inspect modern technology.

The Communist Party chairman stepped over at Urumqi, 2,400 kilometers west of Peking, on his flight back from Rome.

Xinhua said it took exception to Western descriptions of Hua's visit as an anti-Soviet diplomatic offensive.

The agency said, "He merely exchanged views with leaders of various countries and expounded China's viewpoints on the major international issues of the day."

The agency regarded as particularly significant "the fact that Premier Hua established his personal understanding and friendship" with Western European leaders.

As a result of the visit, he has achieved a reputation as being a "generous, sincere and modest person in whom one can have confidence," the agency added.

## After accord

### San Salvador leftists release 30 hostages

SAN SALVADOR, Nov. 7 (AP) — Leftists Wednesday freed 30 hostages, ending a two-week occupation of two ministry buildings after agreement with the new ruling junta, but they vowed to "continue the struggle" to score more concessions.

The leftists, mostly teenagers, swarmed into the streets, joined by thousands of sympathizers for a victory celebration at the university. One hostage said, "We were treated as well as possible considering the circumstances."

The Popular Revolutionary Bloc, the largest worker student peasant coalition, which organized the ministries' occupation said through its 22 year-old leader that the group gave the government 30 days to double the \$ 3-a-day minimum wage, to freeze skyrocketing food prices and to provide information on political prisoners and others who have disappeared.

"We have broken with the past," said Arnoldo Alfonso, one of two colonels who forced out President Carlos Humberto Romero Oct. 15.

"We are trying to change the structures and the concepts that were so mistaken."

Government negotiators said they agreed to fine bus owners who overcharge fares for rides and urge businessmen to pay severance wages to workers dismissed when their companies suspended operations during the political and

economic upheaval here. Activists also demand information of 920 persons who disappeared during Romero's regime. The new junta, however, says it has no information on their whereabouts but they named a commission to investigate.

Bloc leader Juan Chacon said the government asked for "a reasonable time" to meet the bloc's principal demands. He was given 30 days.

During the dance celebration through downtown streets, demonstrators chanted, "Socialism is coming, no one can stop it" and "prolonged war."

The march was the first authorized by the three-week-old government.

Previous marches were dispersed by armored cars and troops firing machine guns. More than 80 people, including military troops, have been killed in the past two weeks in clashes with government troops.

Activists also attacked two newspapers and a patrol car with incendiary bombs, setting ablaze three police substations and downtown stores.

The Communist Party denounced dialogue with the government, charging the junta's conciliatory policy has provoked a reaction from the extreme right and said that members of this country's wealthy oligarchy are conspiring with unhappy military officers for a counter-coup.

International oilfield service company requires

## Instrumentation Service Engineer

to work in the Eastern Province of Saudi Arabia, to carry out field/workshop repairs, field installation and troubleshooting associated with all types of drilling and production instruments. Preferably, the person selected would have previous experience and the ability to operate without direct supervision.

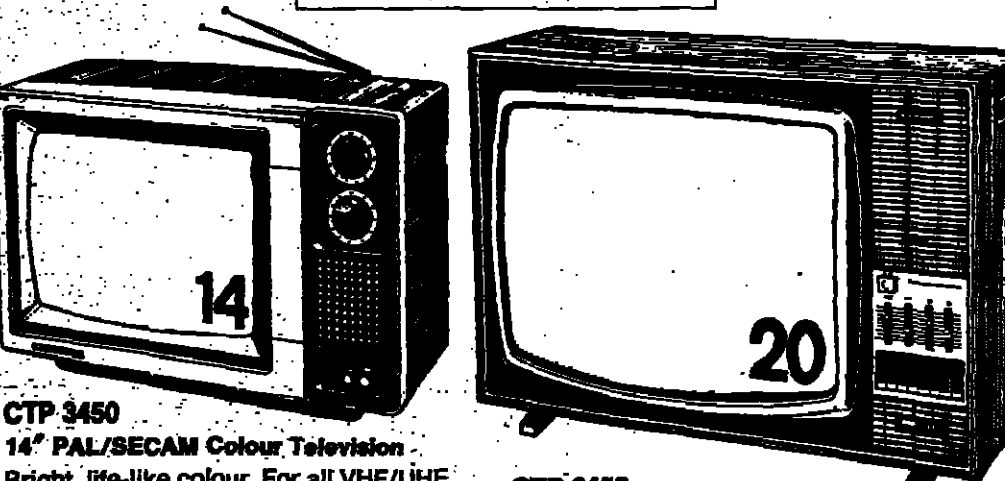
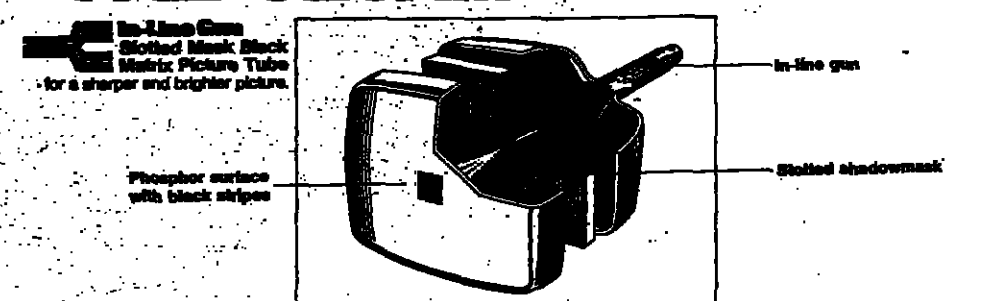
A current Saudi driving license would be an advantage. For the right person, the post offers competitive salary and conditions.

Curriculum vitae (bio-data) and telephone contact should be forwarded to:

OILTOOLS DIVISION A.P.S.  
P.O.Box 215, Dhahran Airport, Dhahran, Saudi Arabia.

## SAN COLOUR

PAL/SECAM Automatic Conversion System



CTP 3450  
14" PAL/SECAM Colour Television  
Bright, life-like colour. For all VHF/UHF channels with separate rotary channel selectors. Picks up both PAL and SECAM broadcasts and has a switchable power source (110/220/240V, 50/60Hz). Reliable 100% solid state circuitry.

CTP 6450  
20" PAL/SECAM Colour Television  
Touch tuning for instant channel selection. All-broadcasting viewing with both PAL and SECAM receiving systems. All VHF/UHF channels. Variable power source (110/220/240V, 50/60Hz). Reliable 100% solid state circuitry.

SANYO

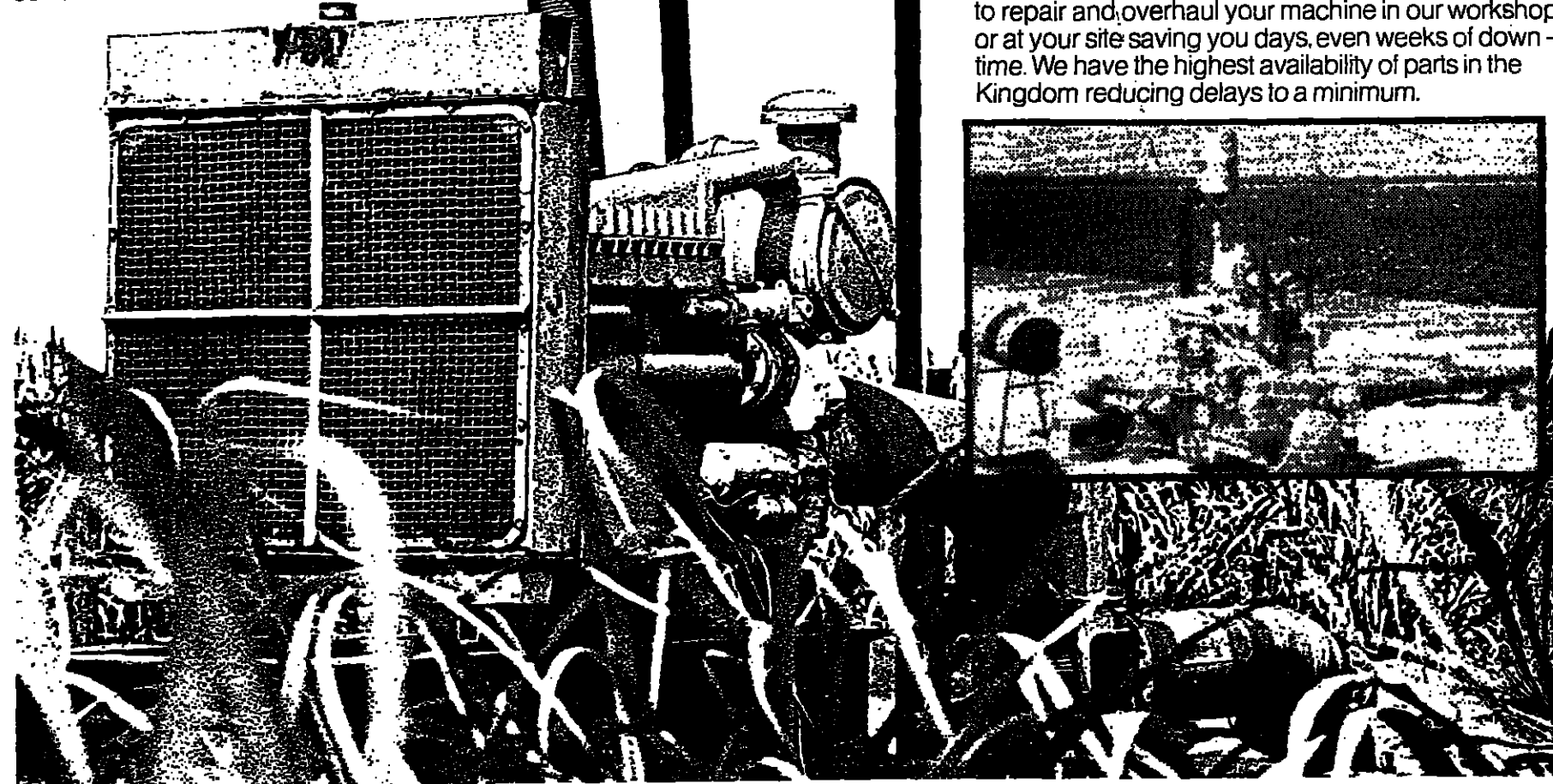
## You need dependable power for your irrigation system — you need the best parts and service too... Zahid Tractor gives you both.

Why accept less than proven Caterpillar dependability? The pump engine may cost only 5% of your total system... but, the system is 100% dependent upon the engine.

Any powered irrigation system—well pump, booster pump, flood, drip feed or overhead sprinkler—can only be as dependable as its pump engine. And since engine failure can mean crop failure, minimize that risk by installing engines of proven dependability—Caterpillar engines. They range from 85-1,000hp. So whatever your flow requirement, these engines can handle it—efficiently, economically and dependably.

### Designed for hot, dry conditions

Developed to power Cat-built machines on heavy-duty operations in all kinds of conditions. Cat engines owe their reliability to many advanced design, metallurgical and engineering factors. And special features ensure that these engines can pump efficiently over long periods in hot, dusty conditions with little attention.



### High efficiency cooling options

Big capacity radiators maintain correct engine operating temperature in most desert conditions. For extremely high ambient temperatures, engine-mounted heat exchangers can be fitted—to dissipate excess heat through the irrigation system's water supply.

### Little Maintenance

Like its fuel system, the engine is designed to save maintenance time—by reducing servicing points and simplifying adjustment procedures. Highly effective lubricating systems, total hardened crankshafts and long-life rotating valves preclude many common wear and adjustment problems. Other service-saving features include externally mounted oil pumps, quick-change spin-on oil and fuel filters, and simple, easy access valve adjustment.

We know Saudi Arabia and your working conditions, we have the parts and maintenance facilities to keep your machines working efficiently and dependably. Our skilled and highly trained maintenance staff use the most up-to-date equipment to repair and overhaul your machine in our workshops or at your site saving you days, even weeks of down-time. We have the highest availability of parts in the Kingdom reducing delays to a minimum.

## Zahid Tractor & Heavy Machinery Co. Ltd.

YOUR CATERPILLAR DEALER

JEDDAH	RIYADH	DAMMAM
P.O. BOX 1588 Kilo 5, Mecca Rd Tel 76366 Tel 76400 Tel 77000 TLX 40042	P.O. BOX 814 North Khurais Rd Kilo 17 Tel 60701 Tel 62684 Tel 20129 TLX 24012	P.O. BOX 579 Al-Khaldi Area Tel 22540 Tel 22535 Tel 28599 TLX 60100

Caterpillar, Cat and are Trademarks of Caterpillar Tractor Co.



## Venezuela backs moderate hikes in crude oil prices

LONDON, Nov. 7 (AP) — A key oil minister in the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries says OPEC members think future price increases must be "reasonable."

Venezuela's Minister of Energy and Mines, Humberto Calderon Berti, also said in an interview with the Associated Press Tuesday that OPEC countries were now turning their attention to keeping the world supplied with oil, not just price.

"In the future, in my opinion, the guarantee of supplies is going to be far more important than its price, because the world is almost going to run out of oil in the next 20 years," Calderon said.

He was speaking at the end of a two-day closed session of OPEC's Long-range Strategic Policy Making Committee.

Venezuela hosts the next full OPEC meeting in Caracas Dec. 17 when a new round of price increases is expected.

"We agreed today to urge the development of new sources of energy, not to compete with oil and hydrocarbons, but to alleviate the pressures we have on our backs," Calderon said.

"We have also agreed to recommend the adoption of a

series of rules to be embodied in OPEC's future pricing structure, but at this stage I am able to reveal to you any details.

"We have come to the conclusion that price increases must be reasonable. We know by now that, after every price increase the goods that we have to buy from the industrialized countries also cost more."

"The truth is that, today and in real terms, our oil revenues do not buy us more than they did in 1973."

That was the year OPEC hiked prices dramatically in the wake of the 1973 Middle East war.

The recommendations will go to the full OPEC meeting in Caracas. Member states represented on the panel are Algeria, Kuwait, Iran, Iraq, Saudi Arabia and Venezuela.

His report will cover oil prices, relations with developing countries and with industrial nations, thoughts on a future dialogue between the developing and industrialized world, and a chapter reviewing the world's energy situation, Calderon said.

"I want to make it clear that, in the future, we are not able to supply all the oil that is needed, it is because we really may not be

able to do so, not that we do not want to," he said.

He denied any withholding of oil for political reasons.

"We in Venezuela currently are producing at 98 per cent capacity and have never used oil as a political weapon. To my knowledge most of the OPEC member countries are almost up to the same level."

"Production and conservation however, are not OPEC decisions, they are left entirely to the discretion of the producer states because it involves the sovereignty over one's own resources."

He said Venezuela produces 2.35 million barrels a day but from Jan. 1 would reduce output to conserve resources by 150,000 barrels a day, mainly of light and medium oils.

World oil production is currently running at 31.5 million barrels per day and would within a decade be increased to 35 million barrels, he said.

The Committee agreed that the world's oil supply and price problems only can be solved in dialogue with the industrialized nations.

Reporting this consensus, Calderon looked forward to a package agreement with consuming countries. The package would guarantee supplies of industrialized nations provided that the developed world agreed to pay higher but "reasonable" prices for the oil, meals and commodities it imports from the Third World, he said.

Before a dialogue is started, Calderon said, all spot market oil trading must stop and there must be a full understanding between developing countries on its aim.

"The industrialized countries should suspend all free market operations," said Calderon.

"At present the importing countries' inventories are exceptionally high and cover more than what will be needed this winter. There is no need to resort to buying from the free market."

"After all, the 10 to 15 dollars difference in price does not benefit the producers; it increases the cost of the oil and occasionally finds its way into the pockets of intermediaries and encourages speculation."



**MOTOR SHOW:** A total of 763 cars including 131 non-Japanese cars, were displayed early this year at Harumi fairground in Tokyo for the Tokyo Motor Show. The fair is to continue till the end of the year.

## Russians start campaign to sell gold coins in U.S.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7 (AP) — The Soviet Union, the world's second-largest gold producer, is spending \$1 million in the U.S. this fall in an attempt to convince Americans they still can buy gold coins even though they don't have \$400 for a South African Kruggerand or a Canadian Maple Leaf.

The widely-promoted coins from South Africa, the largest

gold producer, and Canada, the third-largest, each contain one troy ounce of gold.

The Russian "chervonets," described in newspaper advertisements as being just a quarter ounce of gold.

The chervonets sold for \$112 apiece Tuesday \$61 an ounce over the current \$387 an-ounce price for bullion.

## Curb ties with S. Africa, warns Nigerian delegate

UNITED NATIONS, Nov. 7 (R) — Nigeria, whose earnings from oil revenues this year are expected to be \$15 billion, has warned that countries wanting its trade must trim their ties with South Africa.

Nigerian delegate Akporode Clark issued the warning Tuesday in the U.N. General Assembly, while Sweden's delegate, Anders Thunborg, sought an order from the Security Council for a curb on foreign investment in South Africa.

The 152-nation Assembly was beginning its annual debate on apartheid, South Africa's policy of separate development of the country's principal racial groupings.

A committee report accused the U.S., Britain, France, West Germany and their multinational companies of helping South Africa to commit crimes.

It recommended total economic sanctions against the Republic. This would require a resolution from the Security Council which the western powers are considered certain to block.

## Lowest since February

## Yen gets battering from dollar

LONDON, Nov. 7 (AP) — The dollar jumped more than 3 yen on the Tokyo foreign exchange Wednesday to close at 240.15 yen and break the 240-yen barrier for the first time since February 1978.

But the U.S. currency was lower in nervous trading on European money markets, dominated by uncertainties in Iran.

The price of gold was more than \$10 a troy ounce higher in morning trading in London and \$7 in Zurich.

Tokyo foreign exchange dealers described trading as hectic as the Bank of Japan dumped an estimated \$250 million in the morning and about \$100 million in the afternoon in a frantic effort to stop the yen's slide.

The turmoil in Iran, where some 60 Americans are being held hostage by militant students in the U.S. Embassy, particularly affected the Japanese yen. Iran is a major oil producer and Japan imports 99 per cent of its oil.

Reports from Washington attributed to the Central Intelligence Agency said Iran's oil exports were choked off Tuesday by a shutdown of the country's only crude oil port, Kharg Island in the Persian Gulf. But the National Iranian Oil Co. later denied the reports. (See story Page one)

Wednesday's closing rate for the dollar in Tokyo was the highest since Feb. 16, 1978, when the U.S. currency reached 240 yen. Shortly before the end of Wednesday's trading, the dollar rose to a high of 240.60. The U.S. currency closed Tuesday at 237.05 yen.

An Amsterdam dealer said the U.S. Government's instructions to private companies to repatriate their staff from Iran "is the latest ominous development" in that country.

Since the pro-Western Shah, Mohammed Reza Pahlavi, was toppled in February, the country has been under the unofficial leadership of Ayatollah Khomeini. The civil government of Prime Minister Mehdi Bazargan resigned Tuesday and power passed to an Islamic Revolutionary Council headed by Khomeini.

Wednesday's dollar rates in key European financial centers, compared with Tuesday's late rates: Frankfurt — 1.79 West German marks, down from 1.7965.

Zurich — 1.6455 Swiss francs, down from 1.6515.

Paris — 4.2027 French francs, down from 4.2150.

Milan — 829.20 Italian lire, down from 830.85.

Amsterdam — 1.990 Dutch guilders, down from 1.9955.

In London it took \$2.0915 to buy a British pound Wednesday morning compared to \$2.0729 late Tuesday.

Sterling tends to fare better amid bad news about the world oil supply because Britain has large North Sea oil reserves and expects to be self-sufficient in energy in 1980.

On the London bullion market, gold was quoted at 394.75 dollars, up from 383.75 dollars at Tuesday's close. In Zurich, the metal was quoted at 391.50 dollars, up from 384.50 dollars at the end of Tuesday's trading.

Tokyo foreign exchange dealers said massive waves of buying orders from foreign banks in the wake of the news about Iran sent the dollar spiraling up. The international oil trade is conducted in dollars.

Tokyo traders said most operators expected the dollar to top 240 yen sooner or later, because of the tight oil supply situation and still higher prices widely expected when the Organ-

## Kuwait extends \$33 million loan to Mauritania

KUWAIT, Nov. 7 (R) — Mauritania is to receive 10 million Kuwaiti Dinars (about \$33 million) to finance an iron ore exploration project, the Arab Fund for Economic and Social Development (AFESD) said Wednesday.

It gave no details of the loan agreement to be signed here Thursday.

The ninth African country has also obtained 80 million Dinars (about \$21 million) for the \$486 million project from the Abu Dhabi Fund for Arab Economic Development.

The Abu Dhabi loan is repayable in 15 years with a five-year grace period at an annual interest rate of 4.5 per cent.

The Abu Dhabi Fund has also agreed to loan Seychelles a four million Dirham (1.2 million dollars) for an ice factory.

## New contracts for Kuwait oil

KUWAIT, Nov. 7 (R) — Kuwait plans to introduce new contracts for selling its oil next year, oil ministry sources said today.

The daily Al-Qabas newspaper said the new terms were in line with Kuwait's decision to cut its oil production from about two million barrels a day to about 1.5 mil-

lion barrels in 1980.

The sources said the present contracts were due to expire by the end of this year. They would not give details of the new terms.

The major customers for Kuwait's oil are BP (45,000 barrels a day), Gulf Oil (500,000 barrels a day) and Royal Dutch Shell (300,000).

## Foreign Exchange Rates

Quoted at 6:00 P.M. Wednesday

	SAMA	Cash	Transfer
U.S. Dollar	3.37	3.38	3.38
Pound Sterling	6.95	7.10	7.03
Deutsche Mark (100)	188.00	189.00	188.25
Swiss F (100)	205.00	206.00	204.80
French F (100)	80.00	80.50	80.50
Italian Lira (10,000)	41.00	41.00	40.85
Lebanese Lira (100)		102.00	101.80
Syria Lira (100)		78.50	86.60
Egyptian Pound		4.60	4.63
Jordanian Dinar		12.20	12.10
Emirates Dirham (100)		11.28	11.22
Qatari Riyal (100)		90.00	89.75
Bahraini Dinar		90.85	90.85
Iranian Riyal (100)		9.00	8.97
Iraqi Dinar (100)		9.25	—
Yemeni Riyal (100)		74.50	74.25
Moroccan Dirham (100)		80.00	86.60
Indian Rupee (100)		—	40.60
Pakistani Rupee (100)		—	34.35
Gold kg.		43,300.00	—
10 Tolas bar		5,050.00	—
Silver kg.		—	15.00
Japanese Yen (1,000)	14.20	—	—
Canadian Dollar	2.84	3.00	—
Belgian Franc (1,000)	117.00	113.00	—
Dutch Guilder (1,000)	169.00	170.00	169.00
Spanish Peso		51.50	51.00
Greek Drachma (1,000)		80.00	—
Philippines Peso (1,000)		—	46.00
Singapore		—	1.58

Cash and Transfer rates supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Gabel St., Jeddah — Tel.: 23815.

**ITALIEN**  
**RISTORANTE ROMA**  
**RIYADH**  
**PIZZA GARDEN**  
Tel. 67838  
Enjoy our Lunch Menu for SR.34.-  
Banquet Room for 30 Persons

**AL-ESAYI SAIF NOMAN DOUGLAS LTD.**

## ASSISTANT TO CHIEF ESTIMATOR

**Building & Civil Engineering, Jeddah.**

Al-Esayi Saif Noman Douglas Ltd., is a Saudi/British joint venture partnership currently undertaking a number of construction projects in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

We are looking for a suitably experienced and commercially minded Civil Engineer, Quantity Surveyor or Technician to fill this important post.

The successful applicant will be required to assist in all aspects of obtaining new work, including prequalification procedures, the preparation of bills of quantities, the analysis of feedback from site and assistance in the preparation and submission of bids. He should be fluent in written and spoken English but an ability to speak a second language particularly Arabic would be an advantage.

The post is based in Jeddah. Salary and other benefits would be negotiated according to the individuals experience.

Write giving details of qualifications and experience or telephone to:

Brian McManus,  
Al Esayi Saif Noman Douglas  
P.O. Box 2837  
Jeddah, Saudi Arabia  
Tel: 22698/25408  
Telex: 401547 SAIF SJ

**SEOUL, MANILA DIRECT**

The Islamic Mosque was completed in Seoul in 1976 with cooperation from Islamic nations in the Middle East.

Fly in the spacious and luxurious comfort of our gleaming wide-bodied jets including the B747 jumbo. Our stewardesses will pamper you all the way to Seoul on Sunday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday. Also to Manila on Sunday and Wednesday...

providing convenient connections to major cities of the Far East and America. You will be pleasantly surprised of the warmth and uncontrived hospitality on a Korean flight. When you fly Korean, you're always an honoured guest.

**KOREAN AIR LINES**  
Be our guest.

JEDDAH 26354, 43440 DHAHRAN 41930-1, 8644342 RIYADH 35191, 35134, 34711.







B.C.

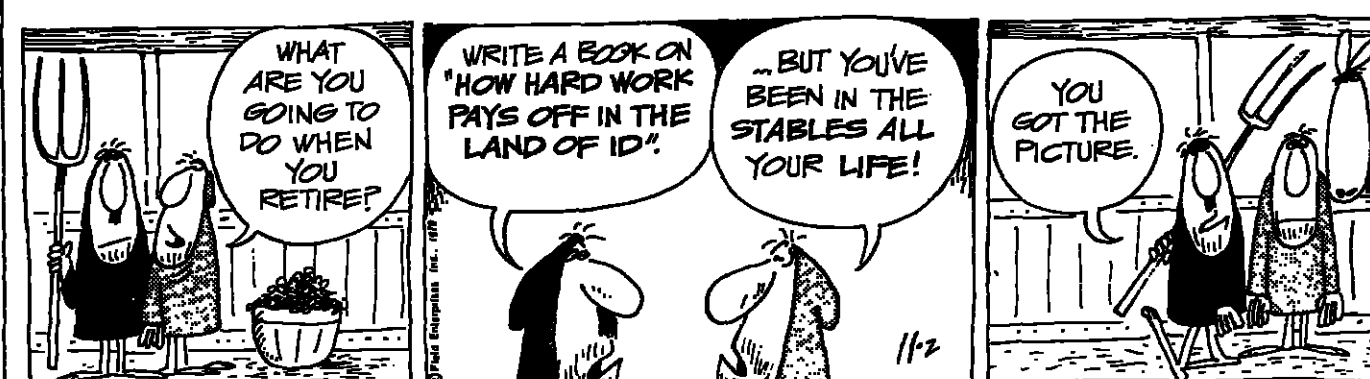
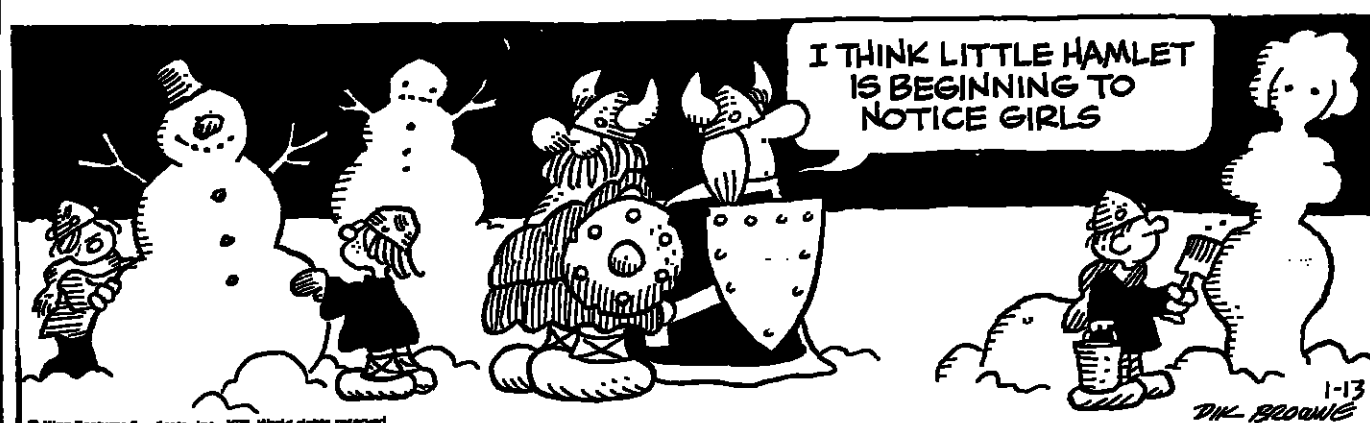
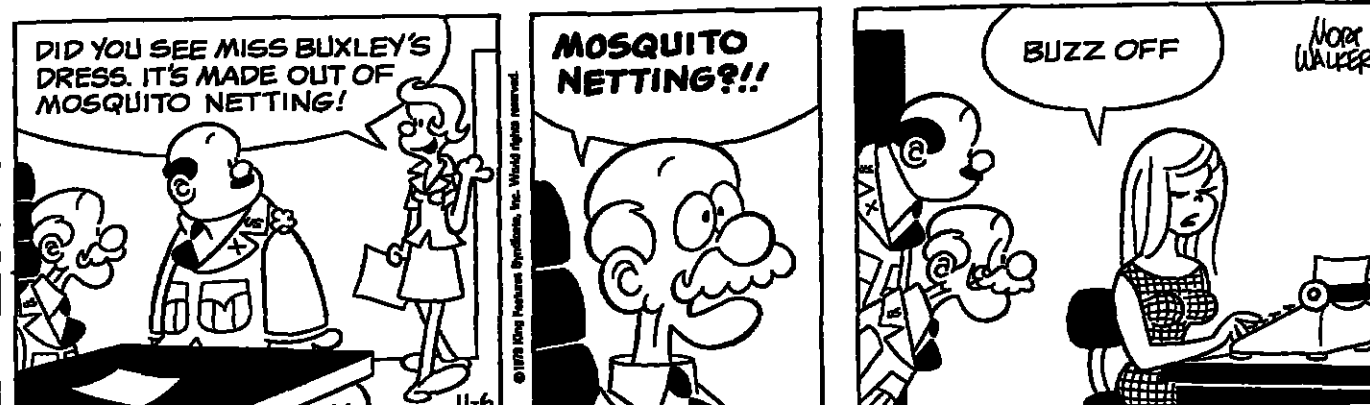
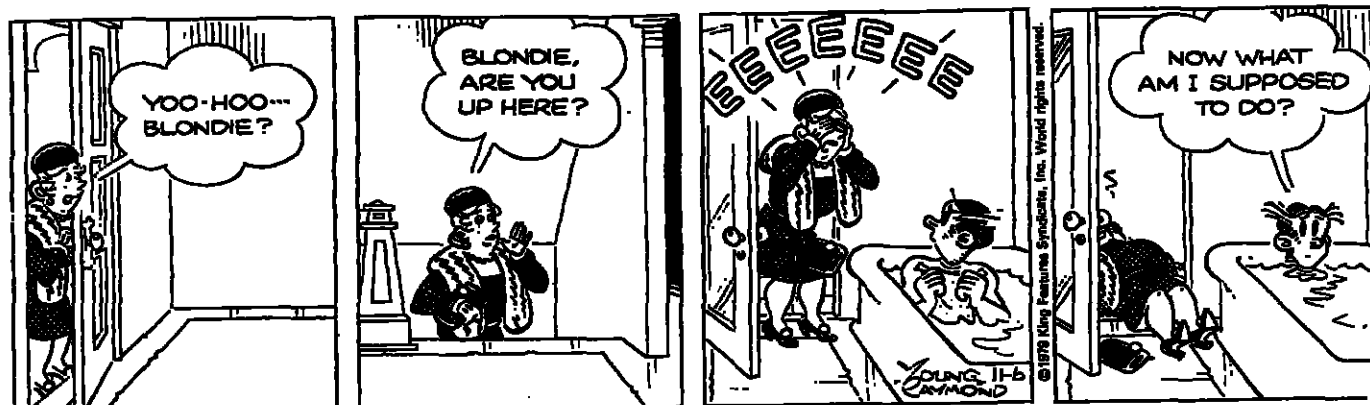
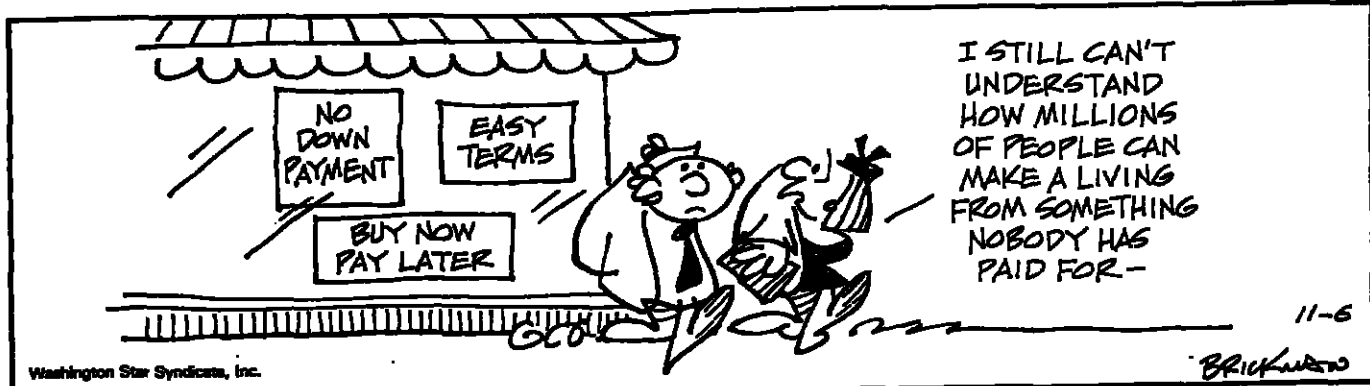
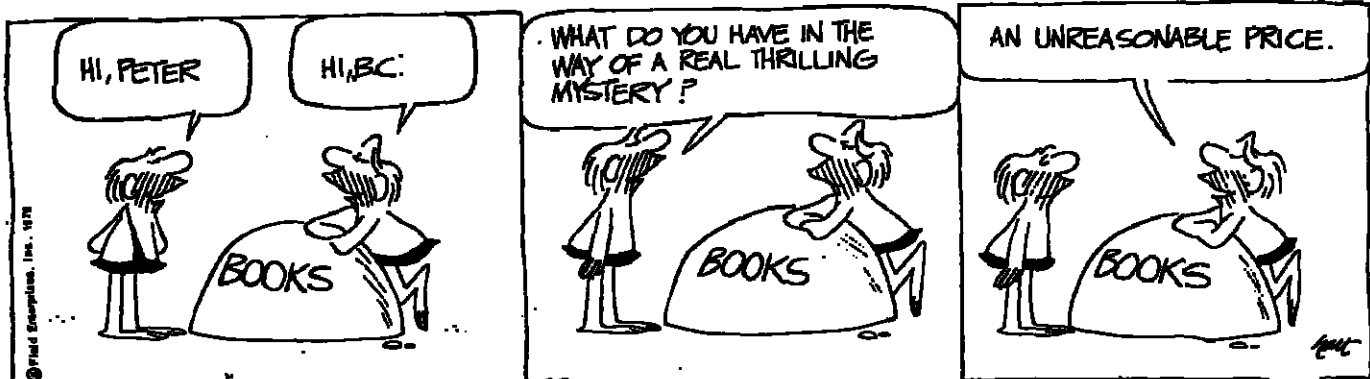
SMALL SOCIETY

BLONDIE

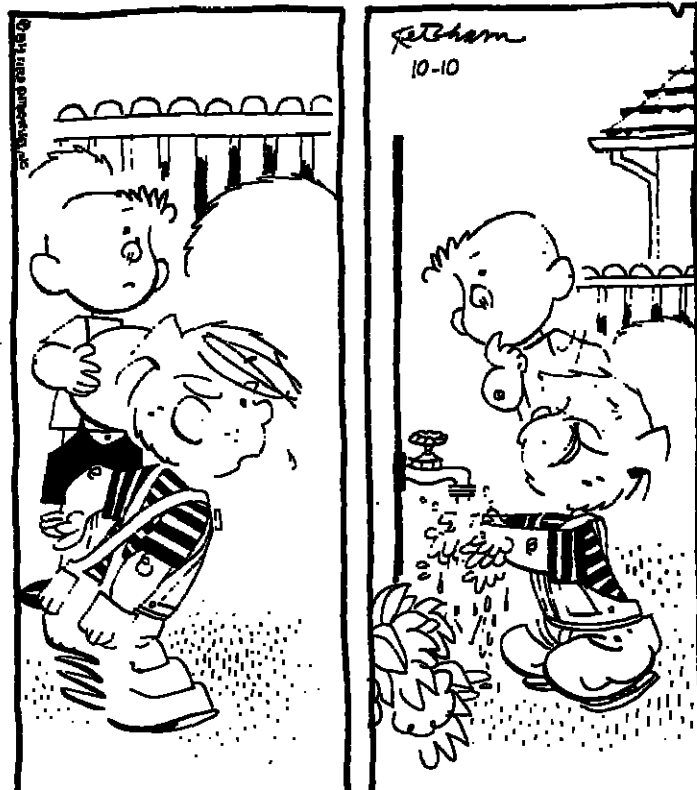
BEETLE BAILEY

HAGAR

WIZARD



# Dennis the Menace



"OBOY!" "CHOCOLATE CREAM. FOR A MINUTE THERE, I THOUGHT IT WAS MY FROG."

## CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword

by THOMAS JOYCE

ACROSS

1 Leafy vegetable

6 Track competitor

11 Boring tool

12 Silly

13 Wallet contents

15 Title of respect: abbr.

16 Charge

17 "It's — Darn Hot"

18 Ending for substat

19 Housing or Kennedy

20 Hockey name

21 Hankering

22 Party-giver

23 Equal

25 Wind indicator

26 Throw lightly

27 Narrative poem

28 Letter

29 Family member

30 Santa's aide

31 — standstill

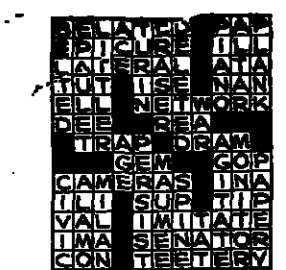
34 Donkey: Fr.

35 Suffer

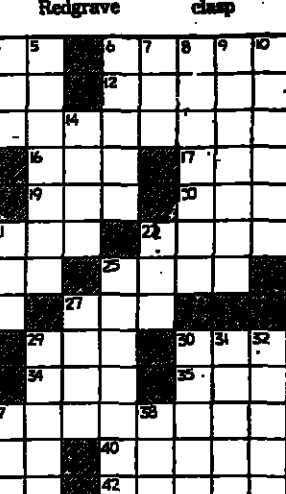
36 Shopper's bing

38 Don't exist

40 Prolonged attack



Yesterday's Answer



DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE — Here's how to work it:

AXYDLBAXX

LONG FELLOW

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

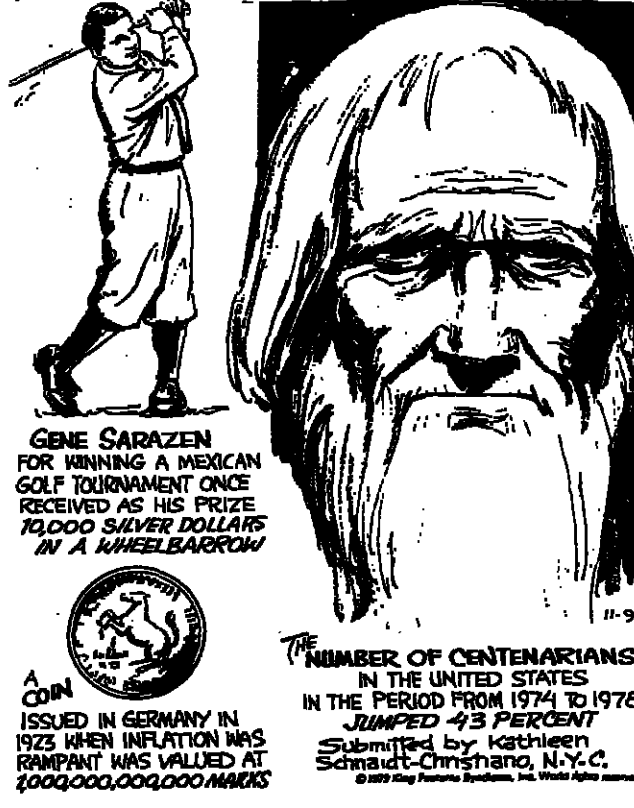
CRYPTOQUOTES

ABCD AEDFGHI JKOLMNHOMK

HOA PJHNQ R IBL NJI

NB CESH NQKT H UHNQ.

# Believe It or Not!



GENE SARAZEN FOR WINNING A MEXICAN GOLF TOURNAMENT ONCE RECEIVED AS HIS PRIZE 10,000 SILVER DOLLARS IN A WHEELBARROW

A COIN ISSUED IN GERMANY IN 1923 WHEN INFLATION WAS RAMPANT WAS VALUED AT 100,000,000,000 MARKS

THE NUMBER OF CENTENARIANS IN THE UNITED STATES IN THE PERIOD FROM 1974 TO 1978 JUMPED 43 PERCENT

Submitted by Kathleen Schmidt-Christiano, N.Y.C.

Contract Bridge B. Jay Becker

Luck Is Not the Only Factor

West dealer. Both sides vulnerable.

NORTH

4 A 15

7 6 2

Q A 8 5 7 3

4 6 6

WEST

8 4

5 5

Q 10 8 4 2

K 9 5 3 2

EAST

7 6 3

Q A K J 9 4

Q 5 J

10 7 4

SOUTH

Q 10 8 2

Q 10 8 3

5

A Q J

The bidding:

West North East South

Pass Pass 1 1 1 1

Pass 2 4 Pass 4

Opening lead — five of hearts.

Let's say you're in four spades and West leads a heart. East catches the A-K of hearts and returns the nine. West ruffs your ten and returning a low diamond. You go up with the ace and need the rest of the tricks to make the contract. At this point it seems that the outcome depends entirely on a successful club finesse.

However, there is a good rule to follow in situations of this sort. Let's assume for a moment there's a 50 per cent

chance that East was dealt the king of clubs. Using this as a guideline, your first obligation is to look for a method of play other than the club finesse that will raise your chances of success to perhaps 80, 70, or conceivably even 100 per cent.

In the present case, if you study the matter carefully, it becomes evident that you can raise your prospects substantially above 50 per cent by allowing for the possibility that West originally held only one or two trumps.

In line with this thought, after winning West's diamond suit at trick four, you play a low trump to your king and lead the queen of hearts. As it happens, West has no more trumps and this allows you to discard a club from dummy.

The rest of the play is easy enough. You cash the ace of clubs, ruff a club in dummy, then trump a diamond and ruff your last club in dummy to bring home the contract.

Note that if, when you lead the queen of hearts, West produces a trump — having been dealt three or more trumps — you overruled in dummy and still have the club finesse to fall back on. It doesn't cost you anything at all to play the hand this way.

## PHARMACIES

JEDDAH	(Open Thursday Night)	Tel.
Bagdadi Pharmacy	Prince Fahd St.	
Al-Kamal Drug Store	Near Bakshi Hospital	23085
Al-Bahr Al-Ahmar Drug Store	Bab Mecca	20186
MECCA		
Al-Sabhi Drug Store	Ajjayd	42111
Al-Ghazzah Drug Store	Al-Ghazzah	22986
DAMMAM		
Al-Awadi Drug Store	King's St.	4812
Al-KHOBAR	Mecca Road	2154
Al-Manar Drug Store	Municipality St.	5153
RIYADH		
Al-Ahsa Drug Store	-Kuwait St.	
QATIF		
Al-Gheryafi Drug Store		

## ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

### PRAYER TIMES

THURSDAY	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	5:12	6:32	12:11	3:25	5:45	7:15
Medina	5:16	6:34	12:13	3:23	5:42	7:12
Nejd	4:42	6:03	11:38	2:49	5:09	6:39

### DHAHRAN TV

3:00 Children's Show	Sesame St. No. 1166
4:35 Bonanya	Cold Detector
5:25 Get Smart	The Spirit is Willing
5:50 Muppet Show	Alice Cooper
6:16 Human Journey	The Family
7:03 Bionic Woman	The Antidote
7:50 Rolf Harris	Barbara McNair
8:13 Adventurer	Return to Sender
8:43 Centennial	Only Rocks Live Forever

### VOA

F.M.	News Summary
8:00 News Roundup	10:30 VOC Magazine
Reports: Actualities	America: Science
Opinion: Analyses	Cultural: Letter
8:30 Dateline	11:00 Special English: News
News Summary	11:40 Music USA: (Jazz)
9:00 Special English	VOA WORLD REPORT
News: Feature. The	Midnight
Making of a Nation	12:00 News newsmakers'
News Summary	voices correspondents
9:30 Music USA:	reports background
(Standards)	features media
10:00 News Roundup	comments news analyses
Reports: Actualities	
10:05 Opening: Analyses	

### SAUDI RADIO

(English Service)

On FM at 98 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band  
On SW at 11.855 Mhz in 25 meter band

THURSDAY

Afternoon Transmission

1:00 Opening	Evening Transmission
1:01 Holy Quran	9:00 Opening
1:05 Gems of Guidance	9:01 Holy Quran
1:10 This Week's Landmark	9:05 Message to the Faithful
1:20 Top of the Pops	9:10 Light Music
1:50 Classical Music	9:15 Music Worldwide
2:20 On Islam	9:45 Eve and Her World
2:30 Jazz Music	9:55 Music
3:00 NEWS	10:00 Youth Welfare
3:10 Press Review	10:10 Music
3:15 Music	10:15 NEWS
3:20 Islam The Divine Truth	10:25 S. Chronicle
3:30 Selection of Music	10:30 The Evening Show
3:50 Close Down	11:00 Imp., Com. & Recollections

(French Service)

Morning Transmission

8:00 Ouverture	7:00 Ouverture
8:02 Lumiere sur le Coran	7:02 Versets et Commentaires
8:15 Musique	7:15 Musique
8:30 Bonjour	7:30 L'arabe par la radio
8:45 Varietes	8:15 Jeunesse et Sport
8:50 Varietes	8:20 Varietes
9:00 Informations	8:30 Informations
9:10 Lumiere sur les Informations	8:40 Revue de presse
9:15 Varietes	8:45 Musique
9:40 Flambeau de l'Islam	8:55 Cloture
9:45 Musique	11:10 Music
9:59 Cloture	11:15 Nashville
Evening Transmission	11:45 A Rendezvous with Dreams
	12:00 Close Down

### BBC

Morning Transmission

8:00 World News	4:09 Twenty-Four Hours
8:09 Twenty-Four Hours	News Summary
News Summary	4:30 The Pleasure's Yours
8:30 Sarah Ward	5:15 Report on Religion
8:45 World Today	6:00 Radio Newsreel
9:00 Newsdesk	6:15 Outlook
9:30 Opera Star	
10:00 World News	7:00 World News
10:09 Twenty-Four Hours	7:09 Commentary
News Summary	7:15 Sherlock Holmes
10:30 Sarah Ward	7:45 World Today
10:45 Something to Show You	
11:00 World News	8:00 World News
11:09 Reflections	8:09 Books and Writers
11:15 Piano Style	8:30 Take One
11:30 Brain of Britain 1978	8:45 Sports Round-up
12:00 World News	
12:09 British Press Review	9:00 World News
12:15 World Today	9:09 News about Britain
12:30 Financial News	9:15 Radio Newsreel
12:40 Look Ahead	9:30 Farming World
12:45 The Tony Myatt	10:00 Outlook News Summary
	10:39 Stock Market Report
	10:43 Look Ahead
	10:45 Ulster in Focus

Evening Transmission

1:15 Ulster in Focus	1:00 World News
1:30 Discovery	1:09 World Today
2:00 World News	1:25 Financial News
2:09 News about Britain	1:35 Book Choice
2:15 Alphabet of Musical	1:40 Reflections
Curios	1:45 Sports Round-up
2:30 Sports International	
2:40 Radio Newsreel	2:00 World News
3:15 Promenade Concert	2:09 Commentary
3:45 Sports Round-up	2:15 The Face of England
4:00 World News	

### Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake

FOR THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1978

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth sign.

**ARIES** (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) ♈️  
Avoid arguments with children. Your artistic sensibility is heightened. Enjoy an evening at the theater. Good news from in-laws.

**TAURUS** (Apr. 20 to May 20) ♉️  
Romantic introductions possible. Talks with close ones lead to greater harmony, esp. about intimate matters. Financial picture good.

**GEMINI** (May 21 to June 20) ♊️  
A splendid time for lovers. New work projects bring quick financial return. Save time for special activities with those you love.

**CANCER** (June 21 to July 22) ♋️  
You have the green light for all social activities, including romance or mixing business with relaxation. Enjoy yourself.

**LEO** (July 23 to Aug. 22) ♌️  
Don't succumb to slight tinge of jealousy. Romantic meetings will be pleasurable. Creative artists meet with opportunity.

**VIRGO** (Aug. 23 to Sept. 22) ♍️  
Capitalize on opportunities to expand your social circle.

The p.m. favors entertaining at home. Add new decorative touches to home decor.

**LIBRA** (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) ♎️  
An important day for achieving career goals and adding to revenue. Enjoy creative pursuits and realize artistic potentials.

**SCORPIO** (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) ♏️  
A friend may extend travel invitation. Look for bargains re art objects, antiques. You can make a good impression on advisers.

**SAGITTARIUS** (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) ♐️  
You should be popular now. Accent charm and gracious behavior. Seek career advancement. Investigate investment opportunity.

**CAPRICORN** (Dec. 22 to Jan. 19) ♑️  
A close ally is enthusiastic. Enjoy social life, but save time for reading, gardening and the private enjoyment of hobbies.

**AQUARIUS** (Jan. 20 to Feb. 18) ♒️  
Accept invitations. Career advancement for those in creative pursuits. Socialize in the p.m.

**PISCES** (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20) ♓️  
A party with business overtones is well worth attending. Contacts are beneficial, especially with publishers, ad agencies, and publicists.

كتاب من التحليل



vertime

## Philadelphia comeback beats Bucks

YORK, Nov. 7 (AP) — Lee led Philadelphia by 16 seconds to 11 at Brian Winters was not

means nothing in this said the Bucks' All-Star

### garian beats ng records

ONIKA, Greece, Nov. 7 — Bulgaria's Yanko Rusev a dazzling display of Tuesday at the World lifting Championships and id records in two of the stegories of the 67 kilog-

ng himself to the limit to off East Germany's Kunz, the wiry Bulgarian d 145 kg, jerked 187.5 kg new record, for a record 332.5 kgs. versated the jerk record set mate Valentin Todorov of and broke his own world n the total by 7½ kgs.

guard. "Twenty points can some- times mean nothing."

Philadelphia led Milwaukee's margin on baskets by Julius Erving and Doug Collins, then went on the beat the Bucks in overtime Tuesday night in a match between the National Basketball Association division leaders.

In other NBA games, the Seattle SuperSonics beat the Chicago Bulls 114-97, the Cleveland Cavaliers outscored the Indiana Pacers 134-117, the Phoenix Suns topped the Utah Jazz 120-107, the Atlanta Hawks edged the New York Knicks 98-96, the San Antonio Spurs beat the New Jersey Nets 108-95 and the Los Angeles Lakers defeated the San Diego Clippers 127-112.

Erving scored Philadelphia's final seven points in overtime, finishing with a game-high 34 points for Philadelphia, which leads the Atlantic Division with a 10-2 record. Milwaukee remains atop the Midwest at 10-3.

Seattle got eight straight points — four each by Lonnie Shelton

and Jack Sikma — to take a 63-51 lead in the third period en route to its fifth consecutive victory. Dennis Johnson led the Sonics with 30 points, Sikma finished with 14 points and 16 rebounds and Shelton had 12 points and 14 rebounds.

Kenny Carr, a reserve from Los Angeles scored 19 of his points in the fourth quarter to lead the Cavaliers to their third consecutive victory. Center James Edwards of Indiana led all scorers with 33 points.

Walter Davis and Paul Westphal combined for 25 points in the fourth quarter for Phoenix, which played without flu-stricken center Alvan Adams. The Jazz led 100-98 before Davis scored seven points in a nine-point Phoenix run

that put the game away.

Westphal finished with 31 points, Len "Truck" Garcia had 22 and Davis 21 while Adrian Dantley and Pete Maravich each scored 29 for Utah, whose 2-10 record is the worst in the NBA.

Steve Hawes came off the bench to score 15 points that helped Atlanta trim New York for its fourth consecutive victory and seventh in the past eight games.

John Drew shot 10-for-14 for 23 points and Dan Roundfield contributed 18 points, 13 rebounds and six assists.

San Antonio pulled away from New Jersey with a 39-point fourth quarter in which reserve forward Kevin Restani scored eight points. George Gervin topped the Spurs with 24 points.

### With innings victory

## India wins Test series

BOMBAY, Nov. 7 (R) — India Wednesday completed their first victory over Australia in a Test series when they won the sixth and final test here by an innings and 100 runs, to take the series 2-0.

Australia, dismissed for 16 in their first innings in reply to

### Winter climb of Everest set

WARSAW, Nov. 7 (AP) — Polish mountaineers plan to climb Mt. Everest in the winter. National Alpine Club Vice President Ryszard Szafranski said Wednesday the Nepalese government issued the necessary permit last week.

"So far the Himalayan expedition has explored the mountain in winter, and the Nepalese have never before given such permits," Szafranski said.

Szafranski added that experts like New Zealand's Sir Edmund Hillary said it is "practically impos-

India's 458 for eight declared, scored 198 in their second innings.

Australian captain Kim Hughes, who played a superb innings of 80, and left-hander Allan Border, 61, raised their side's hopes in the morning by taking their third wicket stand to 132.

But the last five wickets crashed in just over an hour after lunch and India won with a day to spare. It was their first victory by an innings over Australia in 36 tests.

Medium-fast bowler Kapil Dev took four wickets for 39, and left-arm spinner Dilip Doshi, making his test debut, claimed three for 60 and had match figures of eight for 103.

To add to Australia's misfortunes, Rick Darling was hit on the head by the ball when hooking Kapil Dev. He collapsed and was taken to hospital for an X-ray.

Darling had not scored at the time of the accident, and he was unable to resume his innings.

## English soccer scores

LONDON, Nov. 7 (AP) — Results of Tuesday night's English soccer games:

League Cup 4th round replay			
Wolverhampton	1	Queens Park	0
Sheff Wed	1	Bury	1
Barnsley	2	Sheff Wed	1
Grimsby	3	Sheff Wed	1



DUEL: Steve Daley of Manchester City (left) duels for the ball with Jerry Murphy of Crystal Palace in a Selhurst Park game last weekend.

### Downs Indian in first round

## Emerson through in Bahrain tournament

BAHRAIN, Nov. 7 (R) — Roy Emerson, Australian former Wimbledon champion who was 43 last Saturday, beat India's Jaidip Mukherjee 7-5, 6-1 in the first round of an international tennis tournament here Wednesday.

In other first round matches, Harry Fritz of Canada defeated Majeed Muffis of Bahrain 6-0, 6-1, Saeed Meer of Pakistan beat Chris Hamilton of Jamaica 6-0, 6-2 and John Feaver of Britain beat Youssef Abdul Ghaffar of Bahrain 6-7, 6-1.

In Stockholm, John McEnroe, who says he's rusty after a two-week tournament layoff, woke up at the right moment to defeat Schilomo Glickstein 6-0, 3-6, 6-3 Tuesday in the Stockholm Open tennis championships.

It was a strange match, McEnroe, top seeded in the world's oldest and biggest indoor Grand Prix event, hardly worked up a sweat in the 20-minute opening set.

Glickstein, who is only 25th in the computer rankings, then suddenly came alive in the second set as spectators were leaving to watch other matches on adjacent courts.

Hitting a brilliant mid-match spell, the 21-year-old Davis Cup man won five straight games to go to a 2-0 lead in the third set. The

sluggish McEnroe dropped eight out of nine points in the final two games in the second set.

"I thought I was dreaming, but deep within I knew he would come back," said Glickstein. "But it was pretty close and such a match gives one a lot of confidence for the future."

Four other seeded Americans won through to the second round. Second-seeded Harold Solomon beat Swedish junior Stefan Svenborn 6-0, 7-5, third ranked Brian Gottfried overcame Gilles Moretton of France 6-7, 6-3, 6-6, fourth-seeded Gene Mayer took out Gianni Occhippe of Italy 6-3, 6-4, and No. eight Stan Smith whipped Ove Bengtson of Sweden 6-1, 6-2.

Glickstein, who had to qualify for the tournament, had one break point to 3-0 in the decisive set. But then McEnroe picked up speed.

He broke to love to level 3-3 and another service break in the eighth game was all he needed.

"He played well and I played lousy," McEnroe said. "I didn't know what I was doing out there late in the second set. Maybe I got the first set too easily."

McEnroe won the title here last year after upsetting Bjorn Borg in the semis.

In Stuttgart, top-seeded Martina Navratilova battled from behind to beat Sylvia Hanika of West Germany 5-7, 7-5, 6-2 Tuesday evening in first-round action of the Women's Grand Prix tennis tournament.

In other action sixth-seeded Kerry Reid of Australia beat Pam Teeguarden of the United States 6-4, 6-2, and Tanya Harford of South Africa defeated Betsy Nagelsen of the United States 7-5, 7-6.



TAMIMI & FOUAD GLOBAL ASSOCIATES INTERNATIONAL LTD

amimi & Fouad Global (TAFGA) announcing a need Saudi employees to work as Telephone Switchboard Operators in Yanbu Industrial City, here we operate the telecommunications for the Royal Commission for Jubail and Yanbu. Just be able to speak some English. Free room and meals in addition to salary.

Contact Mr. Micheal Kennedy  
Tel: 672891 — Jeddah

15% PAID ON DEPOSITS TAX NOT DEDUCTED

Send for full details of this and other deposit account rates on terms from 1 month upwards.

To the Investments Manager. Please send me your brochure

Name

Address

MANAGEMENT LTD.

Central Trust

Central Trust House, 19 Northumberland Road, Dublin 4, Ireland. Tels. 682492/688144.

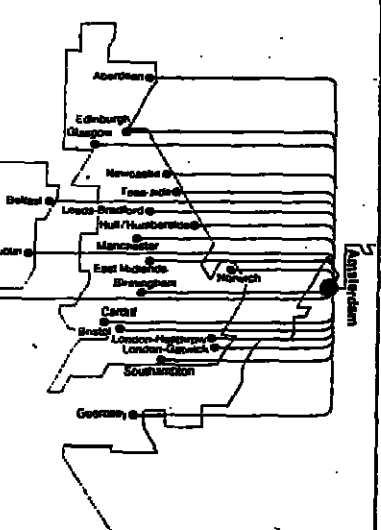
# KLM reliability and quality? Sure.

## But do you know the advantages of travelling via KLM's Amsterdam?

### Amsterdam Airport: a haven of comfort and convenience

Passing through KLM's home base takes the toil out of transit. Hustle-free facilities include automatic baggage transfer, conveyor sidewalks, 51 conveniently sited tax-free shops, First Class

lounge, hotel rooms and restaurants — all in a relaxed atmosphere that makes for a tension-free transfer. Every week this winter 5 KLM flights link Jeddah and Dhahran with Amsterdam — the ideal transit point for flights to the UK, USA and Canada.



### The UK connection: made-to-measure changeover

A total of 359 flights per week, operated by KLM and regional UK airlines, connect Amsterdam with 20 major centres in the UK and Ireland. Your chosen destination is almost sure to be among them. Terminal changes? A thing of the past. At Amsterdam it's all under one-roof. Ask for the special folder giving details of all flights.



To Amsterdam	Flight	Departure*
Dhahran	KL514	Sunday 07.00
Dhahran	KL550	Tuesday 11.25
Dhahran	KL510	Thursday 07.00
Jeddah	KL520	Thursday 01.25
Jeddah	KL548	Friday 09.40

\* Connection with flights from Riyadh.

### The North Atlantic connection

35 KLM flights a week to trans-Atlantic destinations such as New York, Los Angeles, Houston, Chicago, Montreal and Toronto are scheduled to get you to the right place at the right time. And you'll travel in wide-body comfort, opting to watch the movie in our relaxing Business Class accommodation or in the ultimate luxury of Royal Class.

Flights offering same-day connections to:					
New York	510	514	520	548	550
Chicago	510	514	520		
Houston	510	520	548	550	
Los Angeles	514	548			
Montreal	510	514	520		
Toronto	510	514	520		

(Bold type — immediate connection)

### Special offer for passengers to Los Angeles

KLM has now 4 non-stop flights per week from Amsterdam to Los Angeles.

Why not celebrate our new service with us?

The Holland Promotion Foundation invites transit passengers on a free sight-seeing tour of Amsterdam. Or spend a free day or night in a First Class hotel plus transfers.



The reliable airline of Holland

### 01.25 Departure from Jeddah on Thursdays

Gives out-of-town passengers the chance to catch this flight and take advantage of connecting flights from Amsterdam.

### Space and comfort

The Thursday and Sunday flights from Dhahran operate with wide-body aircraft. Enjoy the extra comfort of our roomy accommodation or discover the luxury of Royal Class (available on all our flights from Saudi Arabia).

### Household goods safe and speedy

There's plenty of room in any of our big cargo holds to ship all your household goods home when the time comes. We'll provide any kind of pallet for maximum safety. Going via Amsterdam means the whole pallet can easily be transferred at our efficient cargo centre at Schiphol Airport. And of course the family pets can travel home safely too when you entrust them to the careful and reliable hands of KLM.

Al Khobar, Kanoo Centre, King Abdul Aziz Boulevard, tel: 8645953, 8642020, 8642021.

Dhahran, Dhahran International Airport, P.O. Box 123, tel: 8792655/56.

Jeddah, Jeddah Shopping Centre, Medina Road, P.O. Box 1081, tel: 670888, For freight tel: 41512/41116/7 ext. 452 or 431.

Riyadh, c/o Riyadh Tours and Travel Services, El Ahssa Road (Pepsi Road), P.O. Box 753, tel: 4789578, 4789496 ext. 213 w/ 222.

Saa'na, General Sales Agent, Bazara Corporation, Alzubairi-street, P.O. Box 374, tel: 6968.



# ATC

**ASHEMIMRY**  
TRADING, CONTRACTING & INDUSTRY  
Jeddah, Tel: 57850-57256 Telex: 401414 ATC SJ

# أخبار

النشرة اليومية تصدر بالأسبوع  
الناشر: الشركة السعودية للأبحاث والتسويق

## DHAHRAN INTERNATIONAL HOTEL

Enjoy the Luxury of Dhahran's  
Most Elegant Hotel with Arabian  
and Continental Cuisine

Telex 601272 DIAH SJ Telephone 86 4855  
DHAHRAN AIRPORT  
SAUDI ARABIA

PAGE 14

International

الجمعة ١٨ - ١٩ ذوالحجة ١٣٩٩ هـ

## On The Loose

By Michael J. Hall

Welcome Back! Or, rather, I suppose it should be the other way around, since it's this space that has been missing and not the readers of *Arab News*.

I fulfilled a great ambition over the Eid break. Not by camping out in the rugged mountains of the Asir, as did some friends and colleagues, nor by tugging with a shark along Jeddah's reef and living to swim away and talk about it.

No, my accomplishment was much more prosaic, but at the same time somewhat easier than either of the above occupations. I caught up on my sleep, spending an average of 10 to 12 hours a day sacked out.

Pity I didn't wait for my annual leave in the States next month to do it, however. Had I waited, I could have earned \$150 a week for the strenuous work of lying in bed and dreaming.

At least, that's what I'm told the Boston Museum of Science is paying a group of volunteers in a study of sleep and dreams.

The 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily sleep-in is being conducted in an effort to learn more about the mysteries of the one-third of our lives we spend asleep. The only problem is that volunteers, taking part in the study are awakened several times each night...er, ah, day, and asked to relate their latest dreams.

But to be paid just for sleeping, I might be willing to stand the interruptions, after all, it's not everyone who is lucky enough to have a job and a hobby that go hand in hand.

\*\*\*\*

Speaking of sleep, an English doctor named Olden will soon have plenty of time to devote to the subject, according to a report reaching us from London.

Dr. Olden and his wife had just returned from South Africa to the United Kingdom, bringing along their pet cat, Baby.

But they hadn't reckoned with England's strict quarantine laws, which require that animals be held for six months to make certain they are disease free before being allowed into the country.

Mrs. Olden reportedly couldn't stand the thought of her precious Baby spending so much time behind bars, so she persuaded her husband to do something about it.

His solution was to find a similar looking cat, and sneak it into the kennels where Baby was being kept, at the same time carrying Baby out to freedom.

But the plan backfired when the substitute cat gave birth to a litter of four kittens soon after she had been switched (Baby had been spayed and couldn't have kittens) and kennel workers were also perplexed at why the cat they thought was Baby suddenly began rejecting her favorite chicken dinner.

A little detective work followed, and the plot was smashed. After a five-day trial last week, Dr. Olden was ordered to pay 2,000 pounds in court costs, and sent off to quarantine (jail) himself for three months.

That should put the catnapping doctor back on the streets at about the same time Baby is released, a sadder—but undoubtedly wiser—man.

\*\*\*\*\*

World records, as you've probably noticed, are a subject I can't resist. Neither is the opportunity to browse through a well-stocked library or bookstore. So this item fits two of my fancies, and I hope tickles yours.

More than 120 Japanese have been standing in a Tokyo bookstore for the past several days in an attempt to set or break the world's record for reading while standing up. I say set or break because I'm not certain whether anyone's ever considered such a feat before.

A land development company which is sponsoring the event has promised to pay the winner \$1,300, and—more importantly—a chance to get into the record books.

Rules ban moving around the floor, leaning on anything, dropping the book below elbow level, leaning gum or listening to taped music to keep awake.

"Record-breaking games are sweeping this country like fads these days, but we just wanted to have one open to ordinary citizens," said a spokesman for the developers.

What gets read isn't important, according to the rules. Comic books are just as good as James Joyce, and probably a darn sight easier to understand after 200 straight hours of watching words flow by.

## Sen. Kennedy enters race with blast at Carter

BOSTON, Nov. 7 (AP) — Senator Edward M. Kennedy, decrying the "lack of a clear summons from the center of power" Wednesday formally announced that he is challenging President Jimmy Carter for the 1980 Democratic presidential nomination.

Kennedy, the third of the famous Kennedy brothers to seek the nation's highest office, has been mentioned as a presidential candidate in every campaign since 1968, but Wednesday's announcement marked the first time he has formally entered the race.

The Massachusetts senator made the announcement in a speech at Boston's Faneuil Hall in front of a cheering crowd of supporters. The site of the announcement is famous as the site of much U.S. Revolutionary War political activity.

The 47-year-old Kennedy, setting out on a path taken by his two assassinated brothers, President John Kennedy and Senator Robert Kennedy, said, "I seek the presidency with no illusions."

After the announcement at 1500 GMT Wednesday, Kennedy set out on four day campaign swing, beginning in New Hampshire, site of the nation's first presidential primary on Feb. 26.

On Thursday, California Gov. Edmund G. Brown Jr. was to enter the Democratic race, and Carter will officially announce his candidacy for re-election on Dec. 4.

In seeking to unseat Carter, Kennedy is emphasizing what he calls leadership for the 1980s to halt "a sense of a lack of direction" in the country.

"Fear spreads that our leaders have resigned themselves to retreat," he said. "This country is not prepared to sound retreat," Kennedy said "it is ready to advance. It is willing to make a stand. And so am I."



RIVALS: Sen. Edward Kennedy makes a point in a chat with President Jimmy Carter at last month's dedication of the John F. Kennedy Library in Boston. Wednesday, Kennedy formally announced his challenge to Carter for the 1980 Democratic nomination.

Members of the Kennedy family sat in the front row as he launched his first bid for the presidency.

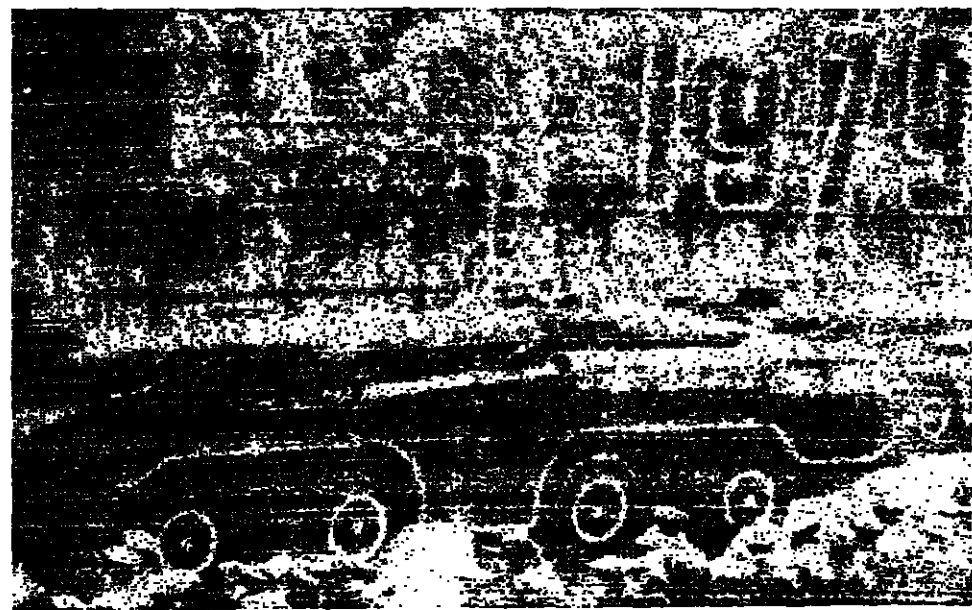
Kennedy's announcement was a sharp indictment of the domestic policies of the Carter administration.

While never mentioning President Carter by name, Kennedy's references to the Democratic incumbent whom he is challenging for their party's nomination was unmistakable. "I question no man's intentions," he said. "But I have a different view of the highest

office in the land — a view of a forceful, effective presidency, in the thick of the action at the center of all the great concerns our people share.

"The failures are stark." "Workers are forced to take a second job to make ends meet because wages are rising only half as fast as prices."

Public opinion polls show Kennedy with a substantial lead over Carter among likely Democratic voters, although the most recent surveys indicate the gap is narrowing and



REVIEW: Soviet missiles pass in front of the crowd gathered in Red Square for Wednesday's parade marking the annual anniversary of the Russian Revolution. A senior Soviet leader warned the West against going ahead with plans to deploy new missiles in Europe.

## Revolutionary anniversary Soviets hit Western arms plans

MOSCOW, Nov. 7 (R) — As Soviet tanks and missiles rolled through Red Square, Defense Minister Dmitry Ustinov sharply attacked the United States and other Western countries Wednesday for planning to upgrade NATO's nuclear arsenal in Europe.

In a brief address to troops at a military parade marking the 62nd anniversary of the Bolshevik revolution, Marshal Ustinov charged that reactionary forces in the United States were trying to gain military superiority over the Warsaw Pact.

President Leonid Brezhnev and other Soviet leaders watched the parade roll across the snow-covered cobblestones of the square as the defense minister criticized Western plans to deploy new medium-range nuclear missiles in Europe.

He said that what he termed the complicated international situation required further strengthening of the Soviet economy and defenses.

Prime Minister Alexei Kosygin, 75, said by Soviet sources to be resting by the Black Sea, missed the parade this year.

## Italian held in Pope plot

ROME, Nov. 7 (R) — A Swiss Guard, swinging an axe-like medieval weapon overpowered a man armed with a knife as he tried to push his way into the Vatican Wednesday, saying he wanted to kill Pope John Paul.

The guard blocked the man's way with his seven-foot halberd — a combination of spear and battle axe — and then disarmed him.

He was handed over to Italian police who identified the attacker as 26-year-old Luciano Esposito. They said he appeared to be mentally unstable, and was charged with attempted murder.

Police said the incident happened at 7.30 a.m. when Esposito asked Swiss Guard Helmut Sandgull, 24, on guard at the Vatican's Arco Delle Campanie entrance, to let him pass.

## Unwarranted pressure

### Zambia attacks food boycott

LUSAKA, Zambia, Nov. 7 (AP) — "Zambia will not succumb to unwarranted pressure" from Zimbabwe Rhodesia, President Kenneth Kaunda says.

Referring to the embargo on corn imports through Zimbabwe Rhodesia announced by the Salisbury government on Monday, the Zambian leader said Tuesday that his country had enough stocks to last through "this troubled period."

Speaking to the new Iraqi ambassador to Zambia, Fakhri Ahmed Qasbi at State House, Kaunda described Zimbabwe Rhodesia's action as the "last kicks of a dying horse."

"The measure they have taken to stop our maize from passing through their country is just one more of their methods to try and intimidate the Zambian people," he said.

He called upon the international community to come to the aid of Zambia.

Meanwhile, Zambia's minister of agriculture and water development, Alexander Chikwanda, said that in contrast to Rhodesia's plans trying to "boot us out," Zambia supplies its southern neighbor with double the electric power used by the entire coun-

try of Malawi and yet has not threatened cutting it off.

"If Bishop Muzorewa (Zimbabwe Rhodesian leader and the people in Salisbury have any sense at all, they should appreciate Zambia's integrity and appreciation for the problems of her neighbors," he said.

Zambian railway officials were unable to confirm whether maize shipments had, in fact, stopped moving across the Victoria Falls railroad bridge, the main rail link between the two countries.

On Monday, the Salisbury government announced that all imports of maize for Zambia through Zimbabwe Rhodesia would be cut off, until the Lusaka government stopped Zambia-aided guerrillas from invading Zimbabwe Rhodesia.

The Zambian cabinet, led by President Kaunda, met Tuesday on the Zimbabwe Rhodesian action to block the vital food imports.

Political analysts in Lusaka said there was "reasonable doubt" that the announced embargo would be carried out. They said the cutoff of maize supplies, this country's number one staple, could be construed by the Zambian government as "an act of total war."

## Tin miners' strike

### Natusch opposition mounts

LA PAZ, Bolivia, Nov. 7 (AP) — Uprising against a right-wing colonel who seized power in a coup have spread from La Paz to a rural area and a tin mine, several well-informed sources said.

And priests and nuns of the Catholic church were to meet Wednesday to issue a strong denunciation of self-proclaimed President Col. Alberto Natusch, church sources said.

The church sources said the declaration will be much stronger than that by a Jesuit-run radio station shortly after Natusch ousted constitutional president Walter Guevara in a coup last Thursday.

Military and political sources said the army and peasants clashed at Achacachi, about 100 kilometers northwest of the capital.

Details of Tuesday's confrontation were sketchy, but one well-informed military source said airplanes strafed the peasants. Union sources said that miners in Bolivia's richest Lode, the Huanuni Mine, fought with soldiers there and that all of the 35,000 tin miners in Bolivia have declared an indefinite strike in opposition to Natusch.

The military detained two labor union officials for 25 hours. They were identified by sources as Miners Union leader Simon Reyes and Liber Forti, a high ranking leader of the Bolivian Workers Central, under which the country's unions are grouped.

Two colonels who are former cabinet ministers and an undetermined number of officers with lesser rank also were detained, the military sources said.

About 20 top leaders of the Bolivian Congress convened for the second straight day

most politicians expect the battle to be a tough one.

Brown is given little if any chance at the nomination unless Kennedy and Carter so wound each other during the early months of the campaign that neither appears able to command the confidence of the public.

Among the issues expected to trouble Kennedy during the coming campaign are the 1969 drowning of a young woman in the senator's car and his separation from his wife.

In addition, Carter campaign organizers, convinced that the U.S. is in a cost-cutting mood, are expected to attack Kennedy as a big-spending liberal in the Senate.

But Kennedy's supporters say that Carter's three years as president have shown him incapable of rallying the American people to confront any of the problems facing them, from energy to the economy to those of foreign policy.

Kennedy's announcement here marks a major departure from tradition. Both John and Robert Kennedy announced their candidacies in the ornate Senate Caucus Room in Washington.

John won the presidency in November, 1960, and served for three years until he was gunned down by an assassin in Dallas, Texas, in November, 1963.

Robert Kennedy, a senator from New York, declared his candidacy for the presidency in early Spring, 1968, and was shot in a Los Angeles hotel in early June after winning the key California primary election.

Carter's campaign has been buoyed in recent weeks by victories over Kennedy in test votes in Iowa and Florida, but both non-binding straw polls among Democratic workers occurred prior to Kennedy's formal entry into the race.

Tuesday in an attempt to reach an accommodation with Natusch, one of those in the meeting said. The Congress was dissolved within 48 hours of the coup.

The Congress initially rejected Natusch and supported Guevara but its leaders have shown increasing desire to strike a bargain with Natusch.

A congressional source said the legislature's leaders are preparing an offer to Natusch under which the colonel and two congressmen would rule Bolivia with the stipulation that presidential elections would be held next May.

On Monday Natusch flatly rejected congressional suggestions that he resign and turn power over to the Congress. It is believed that the Congress was willing to guarantee that Guevara would not be a candidate in the election to be held by the Congress.

The Bolivian economy cannot long withstand a prolonged general strike, and even less a long strike by Bolivia's tin miners. Tin is Bolivia's principal export.

The metal is needed to keep the country's already disastrous economy situation from slumping further.

Economists say the country has no foreign reserves to pay for imports. The foreign debt is \$3 billion, which is huge for a country of only 5 million people. And its foreign trade deficit of \$250 million a year equals that of some countries many times Bolivia's size.

## Good Morning

By Ahmad Khazem

The article on my troubles with Lebanon's publishing laws elicited a response from a reader. He declared his disappointment with the fact that I had actually gone to prison. This, he said, is a mark of the true Middle Eastern journalist. How come I always escaped?

There is no answer to that — except perhaps that I was very close to it, and that my failure to earn the ultimate honor in the service of my profession, a spell in one's "auntie's house" as Syrians say, was by no means through of trying.

The closest I came to prison was by one of these astounding process logic peculiar to Lebanon's judicial authorities, the whole of the Lebanese press was charged with breaking the law and called to face the court. (No mild or exaggeration here — every single and publisher.)

What happened was they all published statements by the then prime minister (Rashid Al Solh). Although every word was published as uttered, this was considered a crime, for reasons I am still to puzzle out.

The Journalists Union was up in everyone was instructed not to attend hearing. The liberty of the press was in danger. All good men and true to the ridades.

Good and true as I prided myself I was outside the country then with my liber, so that I missed the rousing. When we came back we saw that the had appointed a different hearing. This we could not boycott since we had other cases pending before the court. Our union instructed us to attend and declare our position to the court.

Now this was even worse than not appearing. But we had no choice. Friends reminded me to get a good of cigarettes, never mind that I smoke, since this was the acceptance in prison. I bid my family goodbye, and sallied forth to lion's den.

My colleague was called first, where he launched into the most rousing of Tragic, he kept booming, nothing less tragic, this clash between Press Freedom and the Rule of Law. Heart rending plight of the poor but honest journalist torn between these two deities. But he concluded, journalism must in his come first. He then threw himself on the court's mercy and sat down. (We know those other cases to think of.)

Now my turn came. And I had seen the judge grow angrier and angrier, my colleague's convoluted attempt at guising his simple contempt of court started burling whatever I said. I remember of the oration I just heard the judge stopped me. "Could you speak more clearly?" he said, tried, but found my voice failing. "I mean," he shouted "that you play same as your colleague?" I mumbled "yes", to which he demanded that my voice.

"What voice?" I heard myself say. "Have you left me a voice to raise my voice?" he asked. I raised my voice, but found my voice failing. "I mean," he shouted "that you play same as your colleague?" I mumbled "yes", to which he demanded that my voice.

"What voice?" I heard myself say. "Have you left me a voice to raise my voice?" he asked. I raised my voice, but found my voice failing. "I mean," he shouted "that you play same as your colleague?" I mumbled "yes", to which he demanded that my voice.

"What voice?" I heard myself say. "Have you left me a voice to raise my voice?" he asked. I raised my voice, but found my voice failing. "I mean," he shouted "that you play same as your colleague?" I mumbled "yes", to which he demanded that my voice.

## With GTE's American-Experienced Management, You Get Dependable Construction Products And Expert Service

- Equipment and parts available immediately from large inventories
- Service by factory-trained Western mechanics
- Free equipment demonstrations
- Application engineering by American-experienced staff

### GTE Has Sun Portable Lighting Engineered For Long Life Under Desert Conditions

- Heavy duty chassis and components
- Brilliant, 440,000 lumens illumination
- Lockable, weather-tight enclosure
- Dual use: day power, night light
- Sun Portable Lighting: it's jobsite rugged and easily maintained

### General Trading & Equipment Est.

King Abdul Aziz Boulevard  
(opposite Maxin's Restaurant), Alkhobar  
P.O. Box 194, Dhahran Airport  
Phone: 46816 Alkhobar, Telex: 670119 ASIACO SJ

Come in, phone, telex, or send complete catalog of quality construction equipment, systems, and products.

